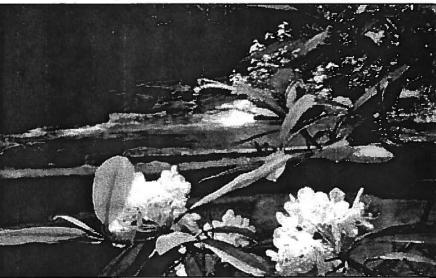
Lumpkin County,

2005

Georgia









COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended December 31, 2005

Prepared by: The Lumpkin County Office of Financial Administration

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

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Introductory Section

Letter of Transmittal
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
Organizational Chart
Officials of Lumpkin County, Georgia



LUMPKIN COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

"Dr. John" Raber District 1

Deborah A. Hutcheson District 2 Stephen W. Gooch Chairman Clarence Stowers
District 3

Marvin J. Martin District 4



June 22, 2006

To the Citizens of Lumpkin County, Georgia:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we are pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Lumpkin County, Georgia for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Lumpkin County and was prepared by the Office of Financial Administration. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatements. We believe the data is presented in a manner which fairly sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a comprehensive understanding of the County's financial activity have been included.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Bates, Carter & Co., P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that Lumpkin County, Georgia's financial statements for the

fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Thus internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management.

In 2003 the County adopted the new reporting model required by Statement No. 34 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 34). GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

General Information on Lumpkin County

Lumpkin County was officially established on December 3, 1832. Named in honor of Wilson Lumpkin, who served in both state houses, as governor, and in the U.S. House of Representatives and Senate, the County was carved out of what were then Cherokee, Hall and Habersham Counties.

Resting in the foothills of the Appalachian Mountains, Lumpkin County is 285 square miles in area, approximately one-third of which is located within the Chattahoochee National Forest. The population of the County has grown by more than 44% over the past ten years with the current estimated population to be over 24,000.

In 1836, the Old Courthouse was built in the center of Dahlonega and is today the oldest public building in North Georgia. Also in 1836, the U.S. government opened one of the first Federal Branch Mints in Dahlonega. More than \$6 million in gold coins were minted at the site that was later to become North Georgia College and State University's Price Memorial Hall (the original mint building was burned to the foundation in 1878). The University was one of the first Federal Land Grant colleges and is to this day one of the premier military institutions in the nation.

Government Structure

Prior to January 1, 2005, Lumpkin County's Charter set forth a Sole Commissioner form of government under which the Commissioner was elected to serve as the executive and legislative body for the county.

The form of government was changed to a five person Board of Commissioners, effective January 1, 2005. The Board is comprised of four

members that live in a specific district but are elected by voters county wide. Elections for the Board of Commissioners are staggered, so as to provide some continuity on the board. The Chairman is elected by voters countywide to serve a four year term. Each year, the members of the Board elect one of their own to serve as vice-chairman for the coming year. A County Manager, appointed by the Board of Commissioners, serves as the administrative head of Lumpkin County Government. The County Manager provides direction to department heads and managers to implement policies set forth by the Board of Commissioners.

The citizens also elect other officials, such as the Tax Commissioner, Sheriff, Magistrate Court Judge, Probate Court Judge, Superior Court Judges, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, and County Surveyor.

The County provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, and recreational facilities.

The county maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the annual appropriated budget approved by the Lumpkin County Board of Commissioners and state law. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, debt service fund, and all special revenue funds. Project-length budgets are adopted for all capital projects funds. Annual operating budgets are not legally required for enterprise funds, but are prepared for use in planning, control and evaluation purposes. Budgetary control is essential to good financial management and the county has established a legacy of balanced budgets and good budgetary control. For each fund, financing sources are identified for all expenditures/expenses. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the approved budget) is established at the department level. The County does not currently use an encumbrance system under which purchase orders, contracts or other commitments for goods and services not yet received would be recorded as a reservation of fund balance. Instead, such commitments are re-budgeted each year.

Prior to January 1, 2005, The Sole Commissioner, the Director of Finance, and the Budget Officer acted as a Budget Committee. Subsequent to January 1, 2005, Georgia Senate Bill 58, the Act creating the Board of Commissioners, places the duty of budget preparation upon the County Manager.

Revenue and expenditure estimates are prepared by the responsible department and presented to the Budget Committee/County Manager in hearings open to the public. The Budget Committee/County Manager reviews the budget requests and makes decisions regarding the proposed budget. The proposed budget is presented to interested citizens during a public hearing. The Board of Commissioners then adopts the final budget at an official meeting.

Unforeseen situations may arise during the year that might require budget amendments. Department heads may request line-item budget amendments through the Finance Department, provided that the budget amendment does not increase or decrease the overall budget for that department. Any changes in department totals require approval at an official meeting by the Board of Commissioners.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Lumpkin County lies just 40 miles north of the perimeter highway that circles Atlanta, Georgia. It is also adjacent to Dawson County, which is one of the fastest growing counties in the nation. The busy State Route 400 crosses the southern portion of Lumpkin County, providing easy access for Atlanta area commuters. As the metropolitan Atlanta growth moves northward, Lumpkin County is now on the fringes of dense development creating a demand for residential properties. This growth also increases the demand for police and fire protection and water and sewer services.

The County's economy is based largely on a mix of tourism and related services, manufacturing, and agriculture. While the County has experienced a slight reduction in the rate of economic growth, its location and broad mix of industries has lessened the impact felt in other Counties in the State. We believe that the County is poised to rebound to the growth rates experienced in prior years, as the state and national economies continue to improve.

Major Initiatives & Accomplishments

During 2005, Lumpkin County applied for a DOT grant for beautification to the Highway 400 corridor. Lumpkin County also received funding from the Georgia Department of Transportation to complete a road signage and safety improvement program.

Other accomplishments during the year include:

- □ Resurfacing approximately 16.84 lane miles of County roads, using a combination of state and local money.
- □ Completion of a County Fleet Facility.
- □ Completion of a Recycling Center.
- □ Completion of Phase I of walking trails grant located in Yahoola Creek Park.
- □ The County began the initial phases of soccer fields located in Yahoola Creek Park.

Cash Management

The Finance Department strives to keep abreast of current trends in cash and investment management to achieve the highest rate of return on idle cash during the year. Cash received during the year was invested in demand deposit accounts bearing interest rate of 3.49%. In the Debt Service Fund a \$2,000,000 certificate of deposit yields a 4.0% rate of return. All funds on deposit are invested and either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized. All collateral deposits were held by a financial institution in the county's name.

Risk Management

The County is exposed to a variety of accidental losses and has established risk management strategies that attempt to minimize losses. Policies have been established to ensure that county employees and department supervisors are responsible for monitoring risk control over County property and actions by employees during the course of performing their respective duties. The primary technique used for risk financing is the County's participation in the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (IRMA).

IRMA is a group self-insurance fund covering general liability, automobile damage and theft, fire damage, and employee dishonesty for Georgia County governments. IRMA pays losses up to \$100,000 per individual claim or \$1,000,000 for all claims. However, excess losses, if any, are covered by reinsurance and would be paid by the reinsurer. Current insurance coverage does not expose the County to significant losses that would have a material impact on the financial position of Lumpkin County.

Pension Benefits

The County sponsors the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Restated Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit plan. Other pension benefits include a Deferred Compensation Plan and a Defined Contribution Plan.

Additional information on the County's pension plan can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Lumpkin County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation, design and publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire finance office staff. We would also like to express our appreciation and thanks to the firm of Bates, Carter & Co., P.C., CPA's. The firm's dedication to the highest standard of governmental accounting and auditing and strong support of the finance office staff throughout the year has proven to be extremely beneficial.

Sincere appreciation also goes to the various elected officials, and county department directors for their assistance and positive attitude throughout the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the County.

We would also like to thank local photographer Jack Anthony for generously allowing us to use his photographs in this document.

Finally, we thank the Board of Commissioners for their support and direction in conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Stanley J. Kelley County Manager

C. Allison Martin Director of Finance

allison Martin

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Lumpkin County, Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2004

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

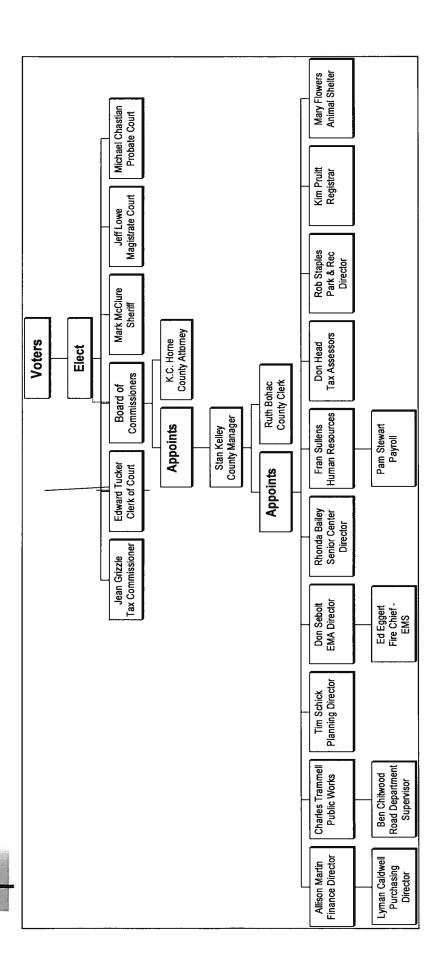
WHITE OFFICE TARES OF THE STATES OF THE STAT

President

Caren E perge

Executive Director

Lumpkin County's Organization Chart



OFFICIALS OF LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE

Stephen W. GoochChairmanDr. John RaberDistrict 1Deborah HutchesonDistrict 2Clarence StowersDistrict 3Marvin MartinDistrict 4

Stanley J. Kelley
Ruth Bohac

County Manager
County Clerk

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

JUDICIAL & OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS

County Surveyor

C. Allison Martin Finance **Edward Tucker Clerk of Court** Fran Sullens **Human Resources** Michael Chastain Probate Judge Parks & Recreation Rob Staples Jeff Lowe Magistrate Judge Tim Schick Stan Gunter **Planning District Attorney** Charles Trammell **Public Works** Hugh Stone **Chief Superior Court Judge** Rhonda Bailey **Senior Center David Barrett Superior Court Judge** Don Head **Chief Appraiser** Lynn Akeley-Alderman Juvenile Court Judge Jean Grizzle **Tax Commissioner** Kimberly Pruitt Registrar Mary Flowers **Animal Shelter** Mark McClure Sheriff Don Seabolt Emergency Management Larry Banister Coroner

John Gaston



Financial Section

Independent Auditors' Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Notes to Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Fiduciary Funds
Supplemental Information



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 22, 2006

Board of Commissioners LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA Dahlonega, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit .We did not audit the financial statements of THE LUMPKIN COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, a component unit of the County, which statements reflect total assets of \$293,920 as of June 30, 2005, and total revenues of \$1,009,358, for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the basic financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the component unit named above, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA,

as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 22, 2006, on our consideration of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulation, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Pension Funding Progress, Schedule of Employer Retirement Contributions, and Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, supplemental budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, supplemental budgetary comparison schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

The accompanying schedule of projects constructed with Special Sales Tax Proceeds is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Official Code of Georgia 48-8-121, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Bailes, Carter: Co., P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Lumpkin County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides readers with a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal at the front of this report, the County's basic financial statements, and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the activities and financial health of Lumpkin County.

The County is required to present a discussion and analysis of our financial condition and performance for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Financial Highlights

- □ The assets of Lumpkin County exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2005 by \$55 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$4.6 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of December 31, 2005, the governmental funds of Lumpkin County reported combined ending fund balances of \$11.8 million, an increase of \$.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 37% of this amount, \$4.3 million, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance). The increase is primarily a result of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) dollars being accumulated for debt service.
- □ At the end of 2005, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$3.5 million, or 24% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- During 2002, the voters of Lumpkin County approved a Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) to be collected and used exclusively to service the debt associated with the Public Building Authority Issue, Series 2001. At the end of 2005, the Debt Service Fund had accumulated \$7.0 million toward the goal of retiring the 2001 issue.
- During 2005, Lumpkin County made principal and interest payments totaling \$1.54 million on the Public Building Authority Issue, Series 2001. These payments reduced the outstanding principal to \$11.660 million. The original issue was for \$15.75 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's *Basic Financial Statements*. The Basic Financial Statements contain three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements (including component unit statements), and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- □ The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the County's overall financial status.
- □ The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the County government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - Governmental Fund Statements tell how general government services like general government, public safety, judicial system, public works, health and welfare, cultural and recreation, and housing and development were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - □ **Proprietary Fund Statements** offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the County government operates similar to a private business. The Solid Waste Fund is reported as an enterprise fund.
 - □ The Fiduciary Fund Statements provides information about Agency Fund assets held by the County, which is acting solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required components, a section is included with combining statements that provide further detail about our non-major governmental funds, each of which are added together and presented in a single column in each of the basic financial statements.

Table A on the following page summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

TABLE A

Major Features of Lumpkin County's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
; ;	Government- wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire County government (except fiduciary funds). The County's Component Units are shown in separate columns on the required financial statements	The activities of the County that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as general government public safety, judicial system, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation and housing and development	Activities the County operates similar to private business, including the Solid Waste Fund.	Instances in which the County is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources.
Required financial statements	☐ Statements of Net Assets ☐ Statements of Activities	☐ Balance Sheet ☐ Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	□ Statement of Net Assets □ Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets □ Statement of Cash Flows	□ Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the County's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow / outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes *all* of the government's asset and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide statements report the County's *net assets* and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the County's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the County's financial health or current position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- □ To assess the overall health of the County, consideration should be given to additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, judicial system, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation and housing and development. Property taxes, local option sales taxes, and State and Federal grants finance most of these activities.
- □ Business-type activities: The County charges fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The County's only Enterprise Fund, the Solid Waste Fund is included.
- Component units: The County includes five other entities in its report: The Lumpkin County Health Department, The Lumpkin County Water & Sewerage Authority, Development Authority of Lumpkin County, The Lumpkin County Hospital Authority and The Lumpkin County Public Building Authority. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the County is financially accountable for them. The Public Building Authority is reported as a blended component unit, since the operations are indistinguishable from those of the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant *funds*, not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- □ The County establishes other funds to control and manage resources for particular purposes (i.e. Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds) or show that certain revenues are used appropriately (i.e. Special Revenue Funds).

The County has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided on the subsequent page of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between the two types of statements.
- Proprietary funds: Services for which the County charges customers a fee and are expected to be largely self-supporting, are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. The County's Enterprise Fund is classified as a business-type activity on the government-wide statements, but more detailed information is provided in the Proprietary Fund Statements, such as its cash flows.
- □ Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These balances are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

Net assets. As discussed earlier, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of December 31, 2005, the County's net assets were \$56 million. Table B on the following page provides a summary of the County's Governmental and Business-type net assets for 2005 and 2004.

TABLE B

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA'S NET ASSETS December 31, 2005 and 2004

(\$ in thousands)

	GOVERNI ACTIV			SS-TYPE VITIES	тот	ΓAL
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
CURRENT AND OTHER ASSETS	\$20,478	\$17,.884	\$172	\$ 27	\$20,650	\$17,911
CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)	61,824	60,066	849	548	62,673	60,614
TOTAL ASSETS	82,302	77,950	1,021	575	83,323	78,525
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES OTHER LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES	17,811 9,234 27,045	18,754 7,584 26,338	443 50 493	447 26 473	18,254 9,284 27,538	19,201 7,610 26,811
NET ASSETS: INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT	42,989	40,372	849	548	43,838	40,920
RESTRICTED FOR DEBT SERVICE OTHER RESTRICTIONS	6,705 616	5,452 279	0	0	6,705	5,452 279
UNRESTRICTED	4,947	6,509	(321)	(446)	4,626	6,063
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$55,257	\$52,612	\$528	\$102	\$55,785	\$52,714

A significant portion (78.6%) of these net assets represents the *investment in capital assets*, net of related debt. This includes land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets, offset with associated long-term and short-term debt liabilities. Capital assets are restricted for the purpose of providing services to the citizens of Lumpkin County; consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Other restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Included in this category are unspent SPLOST proceeds for Debt Service Reserves (12.0% of the total), and various other restrictions amounting to 1.1% of the total.

The remaining 8.3% of net assets represent the unrestricted portion available for the County's ongoing obligations to its citizens.

Changes in Revenues and Expenses. Table C on the following page presents the County's 2005 and 2004 revenues and expenditures for Governmental and Business-type

activities as they are reported in the Entity Wide Statements. The revenues and expenditures include the Governmental Funds (General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds) and the Enterprise Fund, (Solid Waste Fund), but exclude all Component Units.

TABLE C

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA'S CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

(\$ in thousands)

		MENTAL	BUSINES		TO	r a t
		VITIES	ACTIV			ΓAL COOL
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
REVENUES:						
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$4,209	\$ 2,177	\$15	\$290	\$4,224	\$ 2,467
OPERATING GRANTS &						
CONTRIBUTIONS	1,001	438	0	50	1,001	488
CAPITAL GRANTS &						
CONTRIBUTIONS	1,768	1,337	150	77	1,918	1,414
GENERAL REVENUE:						
PROPERTY TAXES	6,004	5,859			6,004	5,859
SALES TAXES	5,127	5,060			5,127	5,060
OTHER TAXES	1,336	1,291			1,336	1,291
UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENT	250	0.41			350	241
EARNINGS	378	241			378	241
GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS NOT					İ	
RESTRICTED TO A SPECIFIC PROGRAM	292	284			292	284
GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL	292	204			292	204
ASSETS	0	41	27	14	27	55
TOTAL REVENUE	20,115	16.728	192	431	20,307	17.159
TOTALLANDL	20,115	10,720	172	131	20,507	17,137
EXPENSES:						
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	2,276	2,297			2,276	2,297
PUBLIC SAFETY	6,680	6,268			6,680	6,268
JUDICIAL SYSTEM	2,138	1,789			2,138	1,789
PUBLIC WORKS	2,096	2,125			2,096	2,125
HEALTH & WELFARE	480	462			480	462
CULTURE & RECREATION	1,225	1,243			1,225	1,243
HOUSING & DEVELOPMENT	481	521			481	521
INTEREST	730	791			730	791
SOLID WASTE			130	511	130	511
TOTAL EXPENSES	16,106	15,496	130	511	16,236	16,007
DIODEACE IN NET ACCETS DEFORE						
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS BEFORE TRANSFERS AND SALE OF						
ASSETS	4.009	1,232	62	(80)	4,071	1,152
TRANSFERS	(364)	(102)	364	102	4,071	1,132
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET	(304)	(102)	304	102	0	
ASSETS	3,645	1,130	426	22	4,071	1,152
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	51,612	50,482	102	80	51714	50,562
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF TEAR NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$55,257	\$51.612	\$528	\$102	\$55,785	\$51,714

Governmental Activities: Governmental activities accounted for \$3.6 million of the excess in the County's net revenues over expenditures for 2005 primarily due to the accumulation of SPLOST dollars for debt service and increase in the collection of property taxes.

Business-type Activities: The County's only business-type activity, the Solid Waste Fund, is now privately leased and the only revenue from this activity will be rental income.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

Governmental Funds Overview: Lumpkin County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. As described earlier, the County's governmental funds provide information on short-term inflows and outflows, as well as what remains for future spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. For example, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of 2005, Lumpkin County Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance, excluding Component Units, of \$11.8 million. This amount was up \$1.0 million from 2004. Of the total combined fund balance, approximately 37% consists of *unreserved fund balance*, the portion of fund balance, which serves as a measure of current available financial resources.

The reserved fund balance represented resources not available for spending or those on which legal restrictions have been placed. The County's reserved fund balance makes up 63% of the combined total and includes the following: Reserved for Debt Service (\$7.0 million); and Reserved for Inventory/ Receivables/Prepaid (\$0.4 million).

The General Fund, Debt Service, Community Development Block Grant, SPLOST and Capital Projects are the County's major governmental funds.

General Fund. The General Fund of Lumpkin County accounts for all transactions not accounted for in other funds. As the County's major operating fund, the General Fund accounts for ordinary operating expenditures financed primarily by property taxes and charges for services. The General Fund completed the year with a fund balance of \$3.9 million. This was \$7 million slightly less than the previous year, due to the funding of capital projects. Of the \$3.9 million, 89.2% is unreserved while the remaining 10.8% is reserved.

Debt Service. The Debt Service Fund accounts for the 2002 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) money, including earned interest, which is reserved for retiring the Lumpkin County Public Building Authority Issue, Series 2001. This issue had an original principal balance of \$15.75 million and at December 31, 2005 had an outstanding principal balance of \$11.660 million. The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund is \$7.0 million.

SPLOST. This fund accounts for the 1999 SPLOST money, including earned interest, which is to be used for various capital projects as provided in Title 48, Chapter 8 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated. At December 31, 2005 the fund balance of this fund was \$247 thousand.

Capital Projects. This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. At December 31, 2005 the fund balance of this fund was \$158 thousand.

Proprietary Funds Overview. The Proprietary fund is used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector where determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Lumpkin County has one type of Proprietary Fund, The Enterprise Fund. The County's Proprietary Fund Statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Enterprise Fund. The Enterprise Fund accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public are being financed or recovered primarily through user charges on a continuing basis. The Solid Waste Fund is the County's single enterprise fund. Total net assets of the enterprise fund at the end of 2005 were \$528 thousand, representing an increase of \$426 thousand due largely to a transfer from the general fund to finance the construction of a recycling center.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the governing authority revised the County's budget several times. The three primary reasons for amending the budget are:

- Carry forwards from the prior year's capital improvement projects that were not completed in the prior year and continued into the current year.
- Supplemental appropriations to increase revenue and expenditure accounts due to receipt of unanticipated grant revenue.
- Increases in appropriations due to unexpected needs.

Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$914 thousand below final budget amounts.

Total resources available for appropriation were \$17.9 million, this includes fund balance from previous years of \$4.7 million.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2005, the County had acquired \$62.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets for its governmental and business-type

activities including land, buildings, park facilities, roads, bridges, heavy machinery, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure.

- All infrastructure assets acquired to date are included in capital assets in accordance with GASB 34 requirements.
- The total increase in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for the current fiscal year was \$1.2 million. The percentage increase in capital assets was 1.9%.
- Additional information on the County's net assets can be found in Note 5 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

Georgia Statutes provide for a general obligation debt limit of 10.0% of assessed valuation. The County had a general obligation debt capacity of \$89.3 million in 2005. The County currently has \$11.660 million subject to the limitation.

At December 31, 2005, Lumpkin County had the following outstanding long-term debt:

- \$11.660 million in agreement for sale payable.
- \$93 thousand in capital leases.
- \$186 thousand in compensated absences.
- \$7.1 million Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority contracts payable.
- Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Economic conditions in the County remained rather flat during 2005, with minimal growth in the business sector. New housing starts were up in the County during 2005, increasing the tax base and increasing demands for services. In an effort to stimulate growth of light industry and shift more of the tax burden from homeowners, a project to extend water and sewerage service was begun during 2003 and continued during 2005 in the southern part of the County.

Due to the relatively flat economy, the 2006 budget plans for an increase of revenues of only about 7.8%. This small growth in revenues has necessitated a tight spending budget for 2006, with one planned increase to the size of the County workforce.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, 194 Courthouse Hill, Annex A, Dahlonega, GA. 30533.



Basic Financial Statements

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2005

	PRIA	ARY GOVERNMENT		
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	COMPONENT Units
ASSETS Cash	\$ 14,431,477	\$ -	\$ 14,431,477	\$ 1,412,138
Investments	2,179,666	•	2,179,666	1,064,908
Other receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Inventories	3,290,172 101,501	150,395	3,440,567 101,501	128,885
Internal balances Due from component units Restricted assets:	18 96,167	(18)	96,167	21
Restricted assets. Restricted cash Restricted investments	:			63,933 164,161
Prepaid items	331,915	21,482	353,397	249,016
Non-current assets: Deferred charges		19		55,307
Restricted investments		į.		364,478
Other assets	500		500	
Net pension obligation	46,390	-	46,390	
Land held for resale Building held for resale				549,047 1,370,000
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	29,617,574	192,103	29,809,677	44,385
Construction in progress	7,268,960	333,104	7,602,064	534,905
Capital assets being depreciated:	10 700 000	470.010	17 000 001	
Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and vehicles	16,790,002 6,138,804	470,319 127,000	17,260,321 6,265,804	12,344
Water system	0,130,004	127,000	0,200,004	3,511,964
Infrastructure Less: accumulated depreciation	15,260,847 (13,251,865)	(273,239)	15,260,847 (13,525,104)	(9,675)
Capital assets, net of depreciation	61,824,322	849,287	62,673,609	4,093,923
TOTAL ASSETS	82,302,128	1,021,146	83,323,274	9,515,817
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	601,394	38,210	639,604	64,045
Accrued expenses	445,809	-	445,809	90,922
Customer deposits	•	•	•	76,246
Due to component units Due to primary government	•	•	•	21
Unearned revenue	6,975,924		6,975,924	89,567 274,720
Funds held in trust	400		400	
Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year				
Compensated absences	23,450		23,450	24,000
Landfill closure and postclosure	•	12,000	12,000	
Agreement for sale payable	840,000	-	840,000	•
Contracts payable	285,997	•	285,997	1 404 470
Notes payable Revenue bonds payable	•	•	•	1,464,473 85,000
Capital leases payable	61,154		61,154	00,000
Due in more than one year	01,101		0.,.0.	
Deposits, noncurrent		•	•	400,000
Landfill closure and postclosure	400.000	442,891	442,891	
Compensated absences payable Agreement for sale payable	162,929 10,820,000	•	162,929	13,643
Contracts payable	6,796,964	•	10,820,000 6,796,964	:
Revenue bonds payable, noncurrent	0,700,001		0,700,004	3,415,000
Capital leases payable	31,544	<u>·</u>	31,544	· ·
TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,045,565	493,101	27,538,666	5,997,637
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	42,988,663	849,287	43,837,950	665,293
Debt service	6,705,246	•	6,705,246	101,080
County sales tax referendum projects	247,075	-	247,075	•
Drug rehabilitation program	93,742	•	93,742	-
Law library program	133,746	•	133,746	•
Other programs Unrestricted	141,420 4,946,671	(321,242)	141,420 4,625,429	2,751,807
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 55,256,563	\$ 528,045	\$ 55,784,608	\$ 3,518,180

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

				PROGR4	PROGRAM REVENUES-	CAPITAL	2	NET (EXPENS					
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:		EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	CONT	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVE AC	VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE Activities		TOTAL	COM	COMPONENT Units
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General government Public safety Judicial system Public works Health and welfare Culture and recreation Housing and development	47	2,275,968 6,680,106 2,138,531 2,096,317 479,565 1,224,885 730,375	690,771 2,164,959 535,963 5,35,963 13,566 277,578 520,797	<0-	33,068 400,667 363,319 71,110 82,216 50,707	1,768,208		(4,114,80) (4,114,80) (1,239,249) (251,761) (383,783) (896,600) 40,016 (730,375)	45	₩	(1,552,129) (4,114,480) (1,239,249) (251,761) (382,783) (896,600) 40,016 (730,375)	₩	
Total Governmental Activities		16,106,528	4,208,872		1,001,087	1,768,208		(9,128,361)		 .	(9,128,361)		
BUSINESS:TYPE ACTIVITIES Solid waste		129,961	14,932			150,395			35,366		35,366		
Total Business-Type Activities		129,961	14,932			150,395			35,366		35,366		
Total Primary Government	w	16,236,489	4,223,804	*	1,001,087	1,918,603		(9,128,361)	\$ 35,366		(9,092,995)	45	
COMPONENT UNITS Health Department Development Authority Hospital Authority	**	1,025,129 546,077 109,093	489,449	40	522,350 38,821	33,557			er.	•> •>		•	(13,330) (425,422) (109,093)
Water and Sewerage Authority		712,287	539,394			292,519							119,626
Total Component Units	"	2,392,586	1,077,120	•	561,171	326,076		•	•	↔		40	(428,219)
GENERAL REVENUES Property taxes Sales taxes Insurance premium taxes Other taxes							40	6,004,475 5,126,596 765,472 570,336	w		6,004,475 5,126,596 765,472 570,336	w	
Subtotal all taxes								12,466,879		ļ 	12,466,879		
Unrestricted investment earnings								378,194			378,194		87,070
Gain on sale of capital assets TRANSFERS								291,838 (363,945)	27,229 363,945		291,838 27,229		
Total General Revenues and Transfers								12,772,966	391,174		13,164,140		87,070
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS								3,644,605	426,540	1 —	4,071,145		(341,149)
NET ASSETS, Beginning								51,611,958	101,505		51,713,463		3,859,329
NET ASSETS, Ending								55,256,563	\$ 528,045	_{••}	55,784,608		3,518,180

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement. $\label{eq:particle} 2$

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2005

	-	GENERAL		DEBT	0.	SPLOST	2 8	CAPITAL	2 O O	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	09	TOTAL Governmental Funds
	•••	9,189,352	44	4,537,542 2,179,666	••	290,799	•	187,497	43-	226,287	43	14,431,477 2,179,666
Other receivables(net of allowance for uncollectibles) Inventories Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid items		2,645,337 101,501 25,387 96,167 331,915		548,797						96,038 136,089		3,290,172 101,501 161,476 96,167 331,915
TOTAL ASSETS	w	12,389,659	w	7,266,005	w	290,799		187,497	w	458,914	w	20,592,874
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Deferred revenue Retainage payable Funds held in trust	•	513,787 145,594 138,966 7,591,463 17,106	43-	260,544	w	27,704 16,020	45	29,263	45	13,534 6,472 70,000	44	584,288 145,594 161,458 7,922,007 17,106
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,407,316	}	260,544		43,724		29,263		900'06		8,830,853
Fund Balances Reserved: Prepaid items and inventories Debt Service Fund Unreserved, undesignated: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds		433,416		7,005,461		247,075		158,234				433,416 7,005,461 3,548,927 368,908 405,309
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,982,343		7,005,461		247,075		158,234		368,908		11,762,021
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	45	12,389,659	w	7,266,005	w	290,799	s.	187,497	_w	458,914	w	20,592,874
								1				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement. $\label{eq:company} 3$

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2005

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds (page 3)		\$	11,762,021
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:			
Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			61,824,322
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current fine resources are reported as deferred revenues in the funds.	nancial		
Property Taxes	503,818		
Fines	442,265		946,083
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Balances at December 31, 2005 are:			
Accrued interest on agreement for sale payable	(300,215)		
Agreement for sale payable	(11,660,000)		
Contracts payable	(7,082,961)		
Capital leases	(92,698)		
Compensated absences	(186,379)		(40.000.050)
			(19,322,253)
Net pension obligation			46,390
Total net assets of governmental activities (page 1)		\$ _	55,256,563

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

CLINATIA		GENERAL	DEBT SERVICE	SPLOST	CAPITAL PROJECTS	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
NEVINUES Taxes Licenses and permits Licenses and forfeitures Charges for services Interest income Interest income Intergovernmental Contributions and donations	w	9,522,726 431,008 453,934 2,593,913 193,902 804,031 36,926 4,066	\$ 2,923,192	968'.	\$ 284,454 15,125	\$ 70,114 45,671 552,692 55,102 196,649 47,934	\$ 12,516,032 431,008 499,605 3.146,605 378,195 1,295,134 99,985 4,722
TOTAL REVENUES		14,040,506	3,094,487	7,896	309,579	918,818	18,371,286
EXPENDITURES Current General Government Fublic Safety Judicial System Public Works Health and Welfare Culture and Recreation Housing and Development Intergovernmental Capital Outlay Debt Service Principal Interest		2,126,835 5,700,625 1,552,940 1,144,313 458,081 1,122,802 391,750 29,480 51,305 4,093	795,000	14,438	38,463 11,385 40,562 4,127	572,071 270,578 68,759 79,447 72,256	2,165,298 6,284,681 1,864,080 1,148,440 458,091 1,122,802 461,509 79,447 1,915,258 860,743 751,298
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		12,582,234	1,540,623	16,020	1,908,659	1,064,111	17,111,647
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,458,272	1,553,864	(8,124)	(1,599,080)	(145,293)	1,259,639
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out		4,506 48,423 (2,255,447)			15,543 1,642,237 (42,098)	336,363 (93,423)	15,543 4,506 2,027,023 (2,390,968)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(2,202,518)	•		1,615,682	242,940	(343,896)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(744,246)	1,553,864	(8,124)	16,602	97,647	915,743
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		4,726,589	5,451,597	255,199	141,632	271,261	10,846,278
FUND BALANCE, End of year	*	3,982,343	\$ 7,005,461	\$ 247,075	\$ 158,234	\$ 368,908	\$ 11,762,021

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement. ${\bf 5}$

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Net change in fund balances (page 5)	\$ 915,743
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$1,915,258) exceeded depreciation (\$1,530,889) in the current period.	384,369
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of various capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold.	(28,472)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Property Taxes 503,818 Donated Assets 1,402,378 Fines 442,265	- 2,348,461
Revenues reported in the funds that relate to prior years are not reported as revenue in the statement of activities	
Property Taxes (552,971 Fines (328,370	
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This adjustment combines the net change of four balances.	
Proceeds from borrowing (15,543) Payments on Long-Term Debt 873,780 Compensated absences 5,751	
Accrued interest on Bonds 20,922	884,910
Net pension obligation	20,935
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 2)	\$3,644,605

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2005

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES- ENTERPRISE FUNDS
100-70	SOLID WASTE
ASSETS Current Assets Other receivables(net of allowance for uncollectibles) Prepaid items	\$ 150,395 21,482
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	171,877
Capital Assets Land Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles Construction in progress	192,103 470,319 75,000 52,000 333,104
Less: accumulated depreciation	1,122,526 (273,239)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)	849,287
TOTAL ASSETS	1,021,164
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Landfill closure and postclosure, current	38,210 18 12,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	50,228
Noncurrent Liabilities Landfill closure and postclosure	442,891
TOTAL LIABILITIES	493,119
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	849,287 (321,242)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 528,045

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES- ENTERPRISE FUNDS	
	SOLID WASTE	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$	14,932
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and benefits Supplies Waste management and operating charges Other services and charges Depreciation expense Landfill Closure / Postclosure		20,261 201 24,977 44,350 31,030 9,142
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		129,961
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(115,029)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental Gain (loss) on sale of equipment		150,395 27,229
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		177,624
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		62,595
Transfers in Transfers out		436,840 (72,895)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		426,540
TOTAL NET ASSETS, Beginning of year		101,505
TOTAL NET ASSETS, End of year	\$	528,045

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

BUSINESS-TYPE

	ACTIVITIES- ENTERPRISE FUNDS SOLID WASTE	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	21,438 (59,746) (20,261)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(58,569)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in Transfers out		131,464 (72,895)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		58,569
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets Transfer in for capital acquisition		(305,376) 305,376
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		<u> </u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		5.
CASH, Beginning of year		-
CASH, End of year	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	\$	(115,029)
Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in:		31,030
Accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in:		6,506
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Postclosure care liability Due to other funds		23,840 (2,235) (2,199) (482)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(58,569)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIES Disposal of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Acquisition of capital asset through trade	\$ \$	27,229 52,000

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2005

ACCETO	AGENCY Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$ 5,370,783
TOTAL ASSETS	5,370,783
LIABILITIES Funds held in trust	5,370,783
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 5,370,783

COMPONENT UNITS

Combining Statement of Net Assets - all discretely presented component units.

Combining Statement of Activities - all discretely presented component units.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2005

Assets		HEALTH PARTMENT		VELOPMENT AUTHORITY		HOSPITAL Uthority	:	VATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY	TOTAL
Cash	\$	251,333	\$	783.518	\$	174,787	\$	202,500	\$ 1,412,138
Investments	•		•		•	1,064,908	•		1,064,908
Other receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from component units Restricted assets		39,918		1,898		16,800		70,269 21	128,885 21
Restricted cash				-		•		63,933	63,933
Restricted investments Prepaid items		•		3,762				164,161 245,254	164,161 249,016
Noncurrent assets:									
Deferred charges						-		55,307	55,307
Restricted investments		-				-		364,478	364,478
Land held for resale		•		549,047		•		•	549,047
Building held for resale		•		1,370,000		•		•	1,370,000
Capital assets:									
Land and improvements		•		•		•		44,385	44,385
Construction in progress		:		534,905		•		-	534,905
Machinery and equipment		12,344		•		-		0.511.004	12,344
Water system Less: accumulated depreciation		(9,675)		-		-		3,511,964	3,511,964 (9,675)
Less. accumulated depreciation		(8,073)			_		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(9,070)
Capital assets, net of depreciation		2,669		534,905	_	•	_	3,556,349	4,093,923
Total Assets		293,920		3,243,130		1,256,495		4,722,272	9,515,817
Liabilities									
Accounts payable		15,930		18,785		-		29,330	64,045
Accrued expenses				7,128		-		83,794	90,922
Customer deposits		-		8,000		•		68,246	76,246
Due to component units		-		21		-		10.000	21
Due to primary government Deferred revenue		•		69,869		•		19,698 274,720	89,567 274,720
Deterred revenue		•		•		-		2/4,/20	2/4,/20
Noncurrent liabilities									
Due within one year		24 000							04.000
Compensated absences Notes payable		24,000		1,464,473		-		•	24,000 1,464,473
Revenue bonds payable				1,404,473				85,000	85,000
Due in more than one year								00,000	00,000
Deposits		•		400,000				•	400,000
Compensated absences payable		13,643				-		· ·	13,643
Revenue bonds payable		•		-		•		3,415,000	3,415,000
Total Liabilities		53,573		1,968,276		•		3,975,788	5,997,637
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		2,668		534,905		-		127,720	665,293
Debt service		-						101,080	101,080
Revenues - governmental funds		237,679	_	739,949	_	1,256,495		517,684	2,751,807
Total Net Assets	\$	240,347	\$	1,274,854	\$	1,256,495	\$	746,484	\$ 3,518,180
					_		_		

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

			4	ROGRAM !	PROGRAM REVENUES		***************************************	İ	RET	(EXPE		EAN	O CHANGES	S IN RE	T ASSETS.		
		CHARGES FOR	E	OPERATING GRANTS AND	TING S AND	- 5	CAPITAL GRANTS AND	I	HEALTH	DEVI	DEVELOPMENT	모	HOSPITAL	WAT	WATER AND SEWERAGE		
CHINCTIONS(DDOCDAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	"	CONTRIBUTIONS	UTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS	DEP	DEPARTMENT	A	AUTHORITY	Ā	THORITY	AUT	UTHORITY	_	TOTAL
COMPONENT UNITS			9									,				,	
Health Department Development Authority	\$ 1,025,129 546,077	\$ 489,449 48,277	77	w	522,350 38,821	v>	33,557	v	(13,330)	v	(425,422)	s		es.		s,	(13,330)
Hospital Authority Water and Sewerage Authority	109,093 712,287	539,394	. 394				292,519						(109,093) ·		119,626		(109,093) 119,626
Total Component Units	\$ 2,392,586	1,077,120	120		561,171	~	326,076	*	(13,330)	40	(425,422)	er	(109,093)	€5-	119,626	٠s	(428,219)
GENERAL REVENUES Unrestricted investment earnings			l	!					'		29,128		43.007		14,935		87.070
															.		
Total General Revenues									•		29,128		43,007		14,935		87,070
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS									(13,330)		(396,294)		(980'99)		134,561		(341,149)
NET ASSETS, Beginning									253,677		1,671,148	_	1,322,581		611,923	c	3,859,329
NET ASSETS, Ending								, .	240,347		1,274,854	\$	1,256,495	₩.	746,484	\$	3,518,180



Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

(A) REPORTING ENTITY

The government is a political subdivision of the State of Georgia governed by a commission-manager form of government under which a five member Board of County Commissioners is elected to serve as the legislative body for the county. The commission chairman is elected at-large, while the remaining four commissioners are elected by geographical districts in which they reside. Elections for the district seats are staggered four year terms, so as to provide some continuity on the Board of Commissioners. In addition, there are four Constitutional Officers: the Tax Commissioner, Probate Court Judge, Sheriff, and Clerk of Superior Court. The Constitutional Officers are elected county wide. The Board of Commissioners budgets and approves all funding used by the separate Constitutional Officers. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The blended component unit has a December 31 year end.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u>: The Lumpkin County Public Building Authority (Building Authority) which provides financing for County buildings, is governed by a five-member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners of Lumpkin County. The Building Authority is considered a blended component unit; as such, the building authority does not issue separate financial statements.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>: The Lumpkin County Health Department (Health Department) monitors and controls all health activities in the County. The Lumpkin County Board of Health (Board) governs the health department. The Health Department is dependent upon the government because the government approves the Health Department's budget and the government has the ability to impose its will upon the Health Department. During 2005, the County supplemented the Health Department's budget in the amount of \$125,000. The Health Department is presented as a governmental fund type. The Health Department's fiscal year end is June 30.

The Lumpkin County Water and Sewerage Authority (Water Authority) was created for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, equipping, maintaining and operating adequate water supply, treatment and distribution facilities and sewerage collection, treatment and distribution facilities making such facilities

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

and the services thereof available to public and private consumers and users located in Lumpkin County. The Water Authority is dependent upon the government because the government approves the Water Authority's budget and the government has the ability to impose its will upon the Water Authority. The Water Authority is presented as a proprietary fund type. The Water Authority's fiscal year end is December 31.

The Development Authority of Lumpkin County (Development Authority) is charged with aiding economic development within the County. It is governed by a nine-member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners of Lumpkin County. The Development Authority is dependent upon the government because the government approves the Development Authority's budget and the government has the ability to impose its will upon the Development Authority. During 2005, the County supplemented the Development Authority's budget in the amount of \$38,821. The Development Authority is presented as a proprietary fund type. The Development Authority's fiscal year end is December 31.

The Lumpkin County Hospital Authority (Hospital Authority) is governed by a seven-member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners of Lumpkin County. The Hospital Authority is dependent upon the government because the government approves the Hospital Authority's budget and the government has the ability to impose its will upon the Hospital Authority. The hospital authority is presented as a proprietary fund type. The hospital authority does not issue separate financial statements. The Hospital Authority's fiscal year end is December 31.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

Lumpkin County Health Department 56 Short Street Dahlonega, Georgia 30533 (June 30 year-end)

Lumpkin County Water & Sewerage Authority 194 Courthouse Hill, Annex A Dahlonega, Georgia 30533

Development Authority of Lumpkin County 194 Courthouse Hill, Annex A Dahlonega, Georgia 30533

(B) GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

and charges for services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(C) MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days by the end of the current fiscal year for which they are levied. Fines are considered available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Other revenues susceptible to accrual are considered available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period for which they are imposed. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, fines, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by other funds.

The SPLOST Capital Projects Fund accounts for funds received from a local 1% sales tax reserved for construction of various capital projects.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Solid Waste Disposal Facility Enterprise Fund accounts for the activities of the County's solid waste disposal and recycling programs.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

The Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not represent results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the Solid Waste Disposal Facility enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

(D) ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies and instrumentalities; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposits of banks insured by FDIC.

Investments are recorded as fair value based on quoted market prices as of the balance sheet date. Increases or decreases in fair value during the year are recognized as a component of interest income.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes were levied October 20. Taxes were payable by December 20. Interest and penalties may be assessed on taxes not paid by this date.

The County's property taxes were levied on the assessed values of all real and personal property with utilities including mobile homes and motor vehicles located in the County.

The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also those for the School Board, City of Dahlonega and the State.

Only the County's tax levy is recognized as revenue when levied and uncollected taxes are recorded as deferred revenue in the general fund.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, not held for resale are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, culverts, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the government chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The government was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during 2005.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Nonstructural improvements	20
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	3-10
Water lines and system	50
Infrastructure	19-50

5. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," no liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave because the benefits are paid only upon illness of an employee, and the amount of such payments cannot be reasonably estimated. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

7. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

8. Management estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(A) BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Prior to July 1, the County Manager submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for each department for the fiscal year commencing January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

The Board of Commissioners holds a public hearing on the budget, giving notice thereof at least seven days in advance by publication in the official organ of the County.

The budget is then revised and adopted or amended by the Board of Commissioners at a public meeting.

The budget may be amended during the year only by formal action of the Board of Commissioners in a regular meeting.

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted only for the general fund, debt service fund and all special revenue funds. Project length budgets are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds. Annual operating budgets are prepared for the Enterprise Fund for planning, control, cost allocation and evaluation purposes. Budgetary amounts are not formally integrated into the proprietary fund general ledger. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Commissioners. The County's budgets are adopted at the department level, which constitutes its legal level of control. However, expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

(B) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Material excesses (if both over 1 percent and greater than \$3,000) of expenditures over appropriations at the department level (the legal level of control) are presented below:

<u>Department</u>	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Difference
General Fund:			
Commission	\$ 150,439	\$ 155,502	\$ 5,063
Legal	110,362	115,026	4,664
General Administration Fees	26,700	38,991	12,291
Capital Trial	77,814	88,173	10,359
DFACS	20,500	24,885	4,385
Senior Center	176,247	188,292	12,045
Special Revenue Funds:			
Emergency Telephone System	479,093	483,054	3,961
Drug Court	135,850	161,184	25,334
North Georgia Waste Management	-	47,934	47,934
Special Programs	25,000	61,725	36,725
Technology Fee	-	2,877	2,877
Multiple Grants	-	224,705	224,705
Hotel/Motel Tax	60,200	70,938	10,738

The excess has been funded by additional revenue and prior year fund balance. In the future, budget amendments will be adopted when unbudgeted costs become known.

NOTE 3 - RISKS OF CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Primary Government

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The County's policies permit it to exceed the FDIC insured limit in making deposits in commercial banks and savings and loans institutions if the funds are otherwise adequately secured. As of December 31, 2005, all deposits of the County were adequately insured or collateralized.

Depositories may secure deposits of public funds using the dedicated method or the pooled method as described below.

• Under the dedicated method, a depository shall secure the deposits of each of its public depositors separately.

NOTE 3 - RISKS OF CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

• Under the pooled method, a depository shall secure deposits of public bodies that have deposits with it through a pool of collateral established by the depository with a custodian for the benefit of public bodies having deposit with such depository as set forth in code Section 45-8-13.1.

The County utilized the pooled method to secure deposits of public funds.

Discretely Presented Component Units

As of December 31, 2005, the Water and Sewerage Authority had the following investments:

						Weighted
					Percent	Average
				Rating	of Total Debt	Maturity
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Rating	Agency	Investments	(Days)
First American Funds - Treasury Obligations Fund	\$	528,639	AAAm	1	100%	6
Total Debt Securities	\$	528,639			100%	

1. Standard & Poors

The goal of the Water and Sewerage Authority in investing is to obtain a reasonable return on investments with a minimum exposure to potential loss of capital due to market fluctuations.

Interest rate risk. The Water and Sewerage Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law allows investments in bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness of any solvent corporation subject to certain conditions. The Water and Sewerage Authority has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At December 31, 2005 the ratings of its investments are shown above.

Concentration of credit risk. The Water and Sewerage Authority places no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk - investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTE 3 - RISKS OF CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2005, the Hospital Authority had the following investments:

is of December 31, 2003, the Hospital			20	Rating	Weighted Average Maturity
Investment Type	F	air value	Rating	Agency	(Years)
Tennessee Valley Authority					
Electronotes	\$	289,917	AAA/Aaa	1	10
Federal National Mortgage					
Association Medium Term Note		481,405	AAA/Stable	1	17
Federal Home Loan Mortgage		•			
Corporation Medium Term Note		293,586	AAA/Stable	1	20
Total investments	\$	1,064,908			

1. Standard & Poors

The goal of the Hospital Authority in investing is to obtain a reasonable return on investments with a minimum exposure to potential loss of capital due to market fluctuations.

Interest rate risk. The Hospital Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law allows investments in bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness of any solvent corporation subject to certain conditions. The Hospital Authority has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At December 31, 2005 the ratings of its investments are shown above.

Concentration of credit risk. The Hospital Authority places no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk - investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Primary Government

Receivables as of year end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

				N	lonmajor	
	General		Debt	Gov	vernmental	Solid
	<u>Fund</u>		Service		<u>Funds</u>	Waste
Receivables:						
Property Taxes	\$ 1,551,649	\$	45,533	\$	-	\$ -
Accounts:						
Fines receivable	2,566,492		-		-	-
Other	399,405		-		28,999	-
Intergovernmental	482,240		503,264		67,039	150,395
Total Gross Receivables	 4,999,786	•	548,797		96,038	150,395
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	(2,354,449)		-		-	-
Total Net Receivables	\$ 2,645,337	\$	548,797	\$	96,038	\$ 150,395

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	UNA	<u>VAILABLE</u>	<u>U1</u>	<u>NEARNED</u>
Delinquent property taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$	503,818	\$	-
Current year property taxes (General Fund)		-		6,834,391
Current year property taxes (Debt Service Fund)				45,533
Probation fines (General Fund)		442,265		-
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements (General Fund)				26,000
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements (Nonmajor Funds)		<u>-</u>		70,000
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	946,083	\$	6,975,924
20m 40.0.0 m 4.0 m 5.0 m			_	-,,

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Property taxes receivable at December 31, 2005, consist of the following:.

		DEBT	
DIGEST	GENERAL	SERVICE	
YEAR	FUND	FUND	<u>TOTAL</u>
2005	\$ 1,072,103	\$ 45,533	\$ 1,117,636
2004	143,277	-	143,277
2003	48,300	-	48,300
2002	45,707	-	45,707
2001	44,172	-	44,172
2000	100,866	-	100,866
1999	87,489	-	87,489
1998	65	-	65
1997	9,670		9,670
Total	\$ 1,551,649	\$ 45,533	\$ 1,597,182

Discretely Presented Component Units

Deschalles	-	Health partment		Iospital uthority		Water uthority	elopment <u>ithority</u>
Receivables:	_		_		_		
Accounts	\$	39,918	\$	16,800	\$	78,070	\$ 1,898
Intergovernmental							 _
Total Gross Receivables		39,918		16,800		78,070	1,898
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		-		-		(7,801)	-
Total Net Receivables	\$	39,918	\$	16,800	\$	70,269	\$ 1,898

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2005 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments And Transfers	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Non-Depreciable Assets:					
Land and improvements	\$ 13,241,227	\$ 339,164	\$ (1,382)	\$ 1,548,301	\$ 15,127,310
Infrastructure land improvements	13,459,893	744,901		285,470	14,490,264
Construction in progress	9,955,278	611,101		(3,297,419)	7,268,960
Total non-depreciable capital assets	36,656,398	1,695,166	(1,382)	(1,463,648)	36,886,534
Depreciable Assets:					
Buildings and improvements	16,176,569	-	(9,500)	622,933	16,790,002
Machinery and equipment	2,744,375	41,083	(100,300)	178,634	2,863,792
Vehicles	2,962,446	378,625	(66,059)	-	3,275,012
Infrastructure	13,402,975	1,202,762	(6,971)	662,081	15,260,847
Total depreciable capital assets	35,286,365	1,622,470	(182,830)	1,463,648	38,189,653
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	2,208,672	308,145	(1,183)	_	2,515,634
Machinery and equipment	1,646,254	197,999	(90,271)	-	1,753,982
Vehicles	1,763,851	236,932	(64,286)	-	1,936,497
Infrastructure	6,257,939	787,813	-	-	7,045,752
Total accumulated depreciation	11,876,716	1,530,889	(155,740)		13,251,865
Total depreciable capital assets, net	23,409,649	91,581	(27,090)	1,463,648	24,937,788
Governmental activities capital assets, net		\$ 1,786,747	\$ (28,472)	\$ -	\$ 61,824,322
,					
Capital Outlay		\$ 1,915,258			
Donated roads, including underlying land	d	1,402,378			
Total		\$ 3,317,636			
Non-depreciable capital assets additions		\$ 1,695,166			
Depreciable capital assets additions		1,622,470			
Total		\$ 3,317,636			

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities:

Business-type activities: Non-Depreciable Assets:	192,103 333,104
Non-Depreciable Assets:	
Land and improvements \$ 192,103 \$ - \$ - \$	222 104
Construction in progress 27,728 305,376	222,104
Total non-depreciable capital assets 219,831 305,376	525,207
Depreciable Assets:	
Buildings and improvements 470,319	470,319
Machinery and equipment 133,000 - (58,000) -	75,000
Vehicles - 52,000	52,000
Total depreciable capital assets 603,319 52,000 (58,000) -	597,319
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	
Land improvements 150,800 12,086	162,886
Buildings 28,911 4,582	33,493
Machinery and equipment 95,727 5,002 (33,229) -	67,500
Vehicles - 9,360	9,360
Total accumulated depreciation 275,438 31,030 (33,229) -	273,239
Total depreciable capital assets, net 327,881 20,970 (24,771) -	324,080
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 547,712 \$ 326,346 \$ - \$ - \$	849,287

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 129,039
Judicial	10,815
Public Health and Welfare	21,474
Public Safety	389,806
Public Works	858,400
Recreation and Culture	102,083
Housing and Development	19,272
	\$ 1,530,889

	_	
Business-type Activities:		
Business-type Activities.		
Solid Waste		\$ 31,030
	_	

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The County has authorized construction projects. The remaining costs are split between the portion of the contracts that have been entered into for which the work had not been done prior to December 31, 2005 and the remainder of the authorized project expenditure for which contracts have not been entered into as of year end. The source of financing for the remaining project cost is noted below:

	Αı	Project athorization		xpended To Date	 ntracts in rogress		uthorized Obligated	Source
Governmental activities:			-			-		
Reservoir	\$	7,000,000	\$	6,581,766	\$ -	\$	418,234	GEFA
County Shop - Road Dept		555,784		517,985	37,799		-	Fund Balance
Fire Station #4		679,000		164,172	-		514,828	Grants & Fund Balance
	\$	8,234,784	\$	7,263,923	\$ 37,799	\$	933,062	
Business-type activities:								
Recycling Center	_\$_	356,665	\$	333,104	\$ 23,561	\$	-	Net Assets

Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity for the Health Department for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	Retire	ements	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:						
Depreciable Assets:						
Machinery and equipment	\$ 12,344	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,344
Less accumulated depreciati	(7,740)		(1,935)		-	(9,675)
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,604	\$	(1,935)	\$	-	\$ 2,669

Activity of the Development Authority for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	В	Ending								
		<u>Balance</u>	Additions		Retirements		Adjustments		Balance	
Business-type activities:										
Non-depreciable assets:										
Construction in progress	\$	929,019	\$	166,942	\$	(195,000)	\$	(366,056)	\$	534,905
Total non-depreciable capital assets	\$	929,019	\$	166,942	\$	(195,000)	\$	(366,056)	\$	534,905

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The Development Authority has authorized construction projects. The remaining costs are split between the portion of the contracts that have been entered into for which the work had not been done prior to December 31, 2005 and the remainder of the authorized project expenditure for which contracts have not been entered into as of year end. The source of financing for the remaining project costs are noted below:

<u>Project</u>	Project thorization	Expended To Date			Authorized Not Obligated	Source
12" Water Line & 6" Sewer Line	\$ 500,000	\$ 458,614		-	41,386	Net assets
Home Depot Sewer Line	68,400	21,500		-	46,900	Net assets
Long Branch Pump Station	 55,000	 54,791		-	209	Net assets
	\$ 623,400	\$ 534,905	\$	_	88,495	

Activity for the Water Authority for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	В	eginning								Ending
		Balance		<u>Additions</u>		Retirements		Transfers		<u>Balance</u>
Business-type activities:										
Non-depreciable assets:										
Land	\$	292	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	292
Construction in progress		36,175		7,918		-		-		44,093
Total non-depreciable capital assets		36,467		7,918		-		-		44,385
Depreciable assets:										
Machinery and equipment		19,604		16,024		(1,242)		-		34,386
Water system		3,933,482		31,328		-		-		3,964,810
Total depreciable capital assets		3,953,086		47,352		(1,242)		-		3,999,196
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Machinery and equipment		14,357		6,454		(830)		-		19,981
Water system		341,450		125,801		-		-		467,251
Total accumulated depreciation		355,807		132,255		(830)		-		487,232
Total depreciable capital assets, net		3,597,279		(84,903)		(412)		-		3,511,964
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	3,633,746	\$	(76,985)	\$	(412)	\$		\$	3,556,349

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The Water and Sewerage Authority has authorized construction projects. The remaining costs are split between the portion of the contracts that have been entered into for which the work had not been done prior to December 31, 2005 and the remainder of the authorized project expenditure for which contracts have not been entered into as of year end. The source of financing for the remaining project costs are noted below:

<u>Project</u>	Project Authorization		pended O Date	ontracts in Progress	thorized Obligated	Source
Longbranch pump station Home Depot Sewer Line	\$ 474,008 229,475	\$	26,957 17,136	\$ 427,104 212,339	\$ 19,947 -	Net assets Net assets
•	\$ 703,483	\$	44,093	\$ 639,443	\$ 19,947	

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning			ĺ			Ending	\mathbf{D}	ue Within
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>A</u>	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Capital leases	\$ 171,479	\$	-	\$	(78,781)	\$	92,698	\$	61,154
Agreement for sale payable	12,455,000		-		(795,000)	1	1,660,000		840,000
Compensated absences	192,130		253,340		(259,091)		186,379		23,450
Contracts payable	7,067,418		15,543		-		7,082,961		285,997
Governmental activities long-									
term liabilities	\$ 19,886,027	\$	268,883	\$ (1,132,872)	\$ 1	9,022,038	\$	1,210,601
									
Business-Type Activities:									
Landfill closure/postclosure	\$ 457,090	\$	9,142	\$	(11,341)	_\$_	454,891	\$	12,000
		-							

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Capital Leases - The County leases certain equipment under non-cancelable capital leases. Ownership of the related assets will be transferred to the County at the end of the lease terms. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	GOVERNMENTAL
	<u>ACTIVITIES</u>
Equipment and vehicles	\$308,278
Less accumulated depreciation	(<u>79,603</u>)
	<u>\$228,675</u>

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Minimum future lease obligations for these leases, as of December 31, 2005, are as follows:

	Gov	ernmental
Year Ending December 31,	<u>A</u>	<u>ctivities</u>
2006	\$	64,079
2007		32,039
Total minimum lease payments		96,118
Less: amount representing interest (3.66% - 4.18%)		(3,420)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	92,698

Agreement For Sale Payable - In order to secure financing for the debts of the previous administration, the County transferred certain public buildings to a newly created entity, The Lumpkin County Public Building Authority. In February 2001, this Authority then sold those assets back to the County in exchange for the County's promise of payment backed by its full faith and credit and taxing power. The right to receive those payments under this Agreement for Sale were then assigned to the bank which provided \$15,750,000 in financing. Scheduled repayment of this sum including interest from 5.02% to 7.26%, is outlined below. Final payment is due February 1, 2017. In the event of any early payment, a premium as determined by the February 2001 agreement would be due. During 2002, a Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax was passed as provided by O.C.G.A. Sec 48-8-100, et seg. for the purpose of paying off and retiring a substantial portion of this debt.

Year Ending			
December 31,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2006	840,000	693,944	1,533,944
2007	900,000	638,846	1,538,846
2008	955,000	579,966	1,534,966
2009	1,020,000	517,121	1,537,121
2010	1,090,000	449,880	1,539,880
2011-2015	5,665,000	1,150,518	6,815,518
2016 - 2018	1,190,000	15,310	1,205,310
Total	\$ 11,660,000	\$ 4,045,585	\$ 15,705,585

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Contracts Payable - In September 1999, Lumpkin County and the City of Dahlonega borrowed \$4,475,000 from the Georgia Environmental Facility Authority (GEFA) to develop a reservoir. During 2001, the City and Lumpkin County entered into an agreement to increase the loan amount to \$13,730,000. The loan agreement provides that if the reservoir is completed before June 30, 2005, the City and County may convey the title to the property to GEFA in exchange for forgiveness of the debt. When the title is transferred, GEFA intends to enter into an agreement with the North Georgia Mountains Authority (NGMA) to operate the reservoir facilities. The County's share of the obligation as of December 31, 2005, was \$7,082,961 or 50% of the total "draw downs" of all GEFA notes related to the reservoir project. The amortization of the original agreement is based upon a 3.00% interest rate.

Year Ending			
December 31,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2006	285,997	209,291	495,288
2007	294,674	200,614	495,288
2008	303,614	191,674	495,288
2009	312,826	182,463	495,289
2010	322,317	172,972	495,289
2011 - 2015	1,764,337	712,107	2,476,444
2016 - 2020	2,048,720	427,724	2,476,444
2021 - 2025	1,750,476	106,859	 1,857,335
Total	\$ 7,082,961	\$ 2,203,704	\$ 9,286,665

During 2005, the County and City have been negotiating to assume the debt of the reservoir project. As of the date of the Auditors' report, the County and the City are still in negations over the split of the debt.

Conduit Debt - In December 2001, the Lumpkin County Public Building Authority issued \$5,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of Lumpkin County School District Qualified Zone Academy Project, Series 2001 Bonds. The proceeds were used to rehabilitate, repair, renovate, extend and improve Lumpkin County Middle School and Lumpkin County Elementary School. As of December 31, 2005, the amount outstanding related to these bonds was \$5,000,000. The obligation of Lumpkin County School District to make the payment required by the contract is a general obligation of the School District for which its full faith and credit and taxing power are pledged. The Public Building Authority has no obligation to repay this debt beyond the funds received from the School District.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity for the Health Department for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	В	eginning					J	Ending	Du	e Within
	<u> </u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	Re	ductions	E	<u>Balance</u>	<u>O</u> :	ne Year
Governmental Activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	35,101	\$	31,929	\$	(29,387)	\$	37,643	\$	24,000

Activity for the Development Authority for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additi	ions	<u>Re</u>	ductions	Ending Balance	Oue Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:							
Note payable - Siemens Proj	\$ 1,477,428	\$		\$	(12,955)	\$ 1,464,473	\$ 1,464,473

On February 5, 2005, the Authority began making interest only payments of 2.40% above the 30 day LIBOR rate. The loan was modified again on January 13, 2006 and will mature in full on March 15, 2007.

The annual requirements to amortize all debts of the Development Authority outstanding as of December 31, 2005 are as follows:

Year	Principal Principal		Ī	nterest	<u>Total</u>		
2006	_\$	1,464,473	\$	85,541	\$	1,550,014	
Total	\$	1,464,473	\$	85,541	\$	1,550,014	

Activity for the Water Authority for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Business-Type Activities: 2000 Series Bonds	\$ 3,565,000	\$ -	\$ (65,000)	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 85,000

These revenue bonds, originally \$3,610,000, were issued to acquire the water system from the primary government and to construct additions to the system. The bonds bear interest of 5.65%.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize all debts of the Water Authority outstanding as of December 31, 2005 are as follows:

	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2006	85,000	193,348	278,348
2007	105,000	187,509	292,509
2008	130,000	180,282	310,282
2009	155,000	171,624	326,624
2010	185,000	161,329	346,329
2011 - 2015	1,080,000	630,540	1,710,540
2016 - 2020	1,425,000	270,847	1,695,847
2021	335,000	1,577	336,577
Total	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 1,797,056	\$ 5,297,056

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Balances due to/from other funds at December 31, 2005, consist of the following:

- \$ 16,020 Due to the General Fund from the SPLOST Fund for capital purchases.
 - 18 Due to the General Fund from the Solid Waste Fund for accounts payable.
 - 111 Due to the General Fund from nonmajor funds for accounts payable.
 - 6,361 Due to the General Fund from nonmajor funds for Hotel/Motel tax due to the Chamber of Commerce.
 - 2,877 Due to the General Fund from nonmajor funds for technology fee.
 - 25,387 Due to General Fund
 - 97,414 Due to nonmajor funds from the General Fund for fines collected.
 - 2,961 Due to nonmajor funds from the General Fund for cash matches.
 - 35,714 Due to nonmajor funds from the General Fund for deferred revenues.
 - 136,089 Due to nonmajor funds
- \$ 161,476 Total

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

Transfers to/from other funds at December 31, 2005, consist of the following:

\$ 1,608,581	From the General Fund to Capital Projects Fund to pay for various building improvements, land acquisitions and vehicle purchases.
210,026	From the General Fund to nonmajor funds to supplement fiscal year 2005 operating
	budget.
436,840	From the General Fund to Solid Waste Fund to supplement fiscal year 2004 operating
	_budget.
2,255,447	Total transfers from the General Fund
42,098	From Capital Projects Fund to nonmajor funds to transfer grant activities.
45,000	Transfers between nonmajor funds to supplement operating budgets.
1,179	From nonmajor funds to the General Fund for interest earnings.
47,244	From nonmajor funds to the General Fund for grant activities.
93,423	Total transfers from nonmajor funds.
39,239	From Solid Waste Fund to nonmajor funds for grant activities.
33,656	From Solid Waste Fund to Captial Projects Fund for capital outlay.
72,895	Total transfers from Solid Waste Fund.
\$ 2,463,863	Total

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (A) PLAN DESCRIPTION

The County sponsors the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Restated Pension Plan (Plan), which is a defined benefit plan. The plan was effective January 1, 2005.

The Plan provides retirement, and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The Plan, through execution of the adoption agreement, is affiliated with the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Third Restated Defined Benefit Plan (ACCG Plan), an agent multiple-employer pension plan, administered by GEBCorp. The ACCG, in its role as the Plan Sponsor, has the sole authority to amend

NOTE 8-RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

provisions of the ACCG Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of the ACCG Plan document. The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of the Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan document. The Plan issues a stand-alone report. This report may be obtained from: GEBCorp, 1100 Circle 75 Parkway, Suite 300, Atlanta, Georgia 30339.

All full-time County employees are eligible to participate in the Plan after completing three years of service. Benefits vest at 75 % after 3 years of service and 100% after 4 years of service. Participants become eligible to retire at the earlier of: a) age 65 or b) the third anniversary of the first day of the Plan Year in which the participant commenced participation in the Plan.

Upon eligibility to retire, participants are entitled to an annual benefit in the amount of 1.0% of average annual compensation. Compensation is averaged over a five year period prior to retirement or termination. The Plan also provides benefits in the event of death before retirement. These benefit provisions were established by an adoption agreement executed by the Lumpkin County Board of Commissioners.

County employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The County contributes the entire cost of the Plan, using the actuarial basis described in the annual valuation report. The required contribution amount of \$172,455 was paid in fiscal year 2006. The County's payroll for employees participating in the Plan as of January 1, 2005, (the most recent actuarial valuation date) was \$3,525,890 (based on covered earnings of preceding year.)

(B) FUNDING POLICY

Contributions totaling \$172,455 (\$172,455 employer and \$0 employee) were made in accordance with actuarially determined annual pension cost determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2005. The County is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount annually to the Plan's trust. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the ACCG Plan trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia Statutes.

(C) ANNUAL PENSION COST

The cost of administering the plan is funded with earnings from investments.

The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Board of Commissioners, to establish, and amend from time-to-time contribution rates for the County and its plan participants.

NOTE 8-RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Participants as of January 1, 2005 (the most recent actuarial valuation date) are shown below:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	100
Deferred Vested (former employees)	<u>35</u>
Total number of plan participants	135

The information was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2005. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	January 1, 2005				
Actuarial Cost method	Projected Unit Credit				
Amortization method	Level Dollar (Closed)				
Remaining amortization period	28 years				
(The estimated amortization period for all unfunded liabilities					
is combined into one amount.)					
Asset valuation method	Market Value				

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate return*	8.0%
Projected salary increases*	6.0%
*Includes inflation at	3.0%
Cost-of-living adjustments	N/A
Post-retirement benefit increases	N/A

The County's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the pension plan for the current year were determined as follows:

Derivation of annual pension cost:	2005	2004	2003
Annual required contribution	\$ 151,415	\$ 136,800	\$ 124,894
Interest on net pension obligation	(1,892)	-	-
Amortization of net pension obligation	1,997	-	-
Annual pension cost	151,520	136,800	124,894
Contributions made with interest	(172,455)	(162,255)	(124,894)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	(20,935)	(25,455)	-
Net pension obligation, January 1, 2004	(25,455)	<u> </u>	_
Net pension obligation, January 1, 2005	\$ (46,390)	\$ (25,455)	\$ -

NOTE 8-RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The County, by resolution, adopted the ACCG 401(a), a defined contribution retirement plan, administered by GEBCorp. The plan provisions and contribution rates may also be amended by resolution. Current full-time employees are eligible to participate, beginning on their date of hire. The County shall make a matching contribution on behalf of each Participant to the Plan equal to a 100% of the amount the Participant is contributing to the section 457(b) deferred compensation plan up to 2% of compensation.

The County's covered payroll for employees participating in this plan was \$3,774,990 and total payroll was \$6,394,410. The County contribution for 2005 was \$75,500 and employee contributions were \$109,012.

OTHER PLANS

In addition to the above pension plans, the following pension plans cover County employees but the county is not legally responsible for contributions to the pension plans. Other governmental entities are legally responsible for these contributions as well as required disclosures.

- (A) PROBATE JUDGES' RETIREMENT FUND OF GEORGIA

 The Probate Judge is covered under a pension plan which requires that certain sums from
 - marriage licenses and fines or bond forfeitures be remitted to the pension plan before the payment of any costs or other claims.
- (B) CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT RETIREMENT FUND

 The Clerk of Superior Court is covered under a pension plan was
 - The Clerk of Superior Court is covered under a pension plan which requires that certain sums from fees and fines or bond forfeitures be remitted to the pension plan before the payment of any costs or other claims.
- (C) SHERIFFS' RETIREMENT FUND/PEACE OFFICERS' ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND
 - The Sheriff and Sheriff's Deputies are covered under separate pension plans which require that certain sums from fines or bond forfeitures be remitted by the Probate Judge or Clerk of Superior Court to the pension plans before the payment of any costs or other claims.
- (D) GEORGIA JUDICIAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 - The Juvenile Court Judge is covered under a pension plan to which the County contributes a percentage of the Judge's salary. The Enotah Judicial Circuit reimburses the County for this cost.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has not decreased any of its insurance coverage from the prior year, and there have been no claims in excess of insurance coverage over the past three years.

Other

Lumpkin County is a member of the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is a group self-insurance fund covering general liability, automobile damage and theft, fire damage, and employee dishonesty for Georgia County governments. IRMA pays losses up to \$100,000 per individual claim or \$1,000,000 for all claims. However, excess losses, if any, are covered by reinsurance and would be paid by the reinsurer.

The members of IRMA are assessable if the losses that IRMA must pay exceed the assets of the pool. At December 31, 2005, there was no need for such an assessment. Therefore, no liability for this has been included in these financial statements.

Workers' Compensation

The County participates in the Association County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund (GSIWCF), a self-insured pool cooperative arrangement among its members to finance workers' compensation coverage. The fund is owned by its members and is managed by a seven member Board of Trustees made up of representatives from participating counties. Losses up to \$450,000 per individual claims are paid by the Fund. However, excess losses, if any, are covered by reinsurance and would be paid by the reinsurer. The members of the Fund are assessable if the losses that the Fund must pay exceed the assets of the pool. At December 31, 2005, there was no need for such an assessment. Therefore, no liability for this has been included in these financial statements.

As part of these risk pools, (IRMA & GSIWCF), the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents that could require the funds to pay any type of loss. The County is also to allow all the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the county in investigations, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the county.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against the members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the government's management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

In September of 2001, the County accepted a Community Development Block Grant from the Department of Community Affairs in the amount of \$493,190 for the construction of a new Adult Learning Center. As a condition of the grant, the County must agree to use the facility for the approved purpose throughout the life of the facility. Should the facility be converted to an ineligible use, the Department of Community Affairs will require repayment of the grant. The repayment will be based on 20-year straight-line depreciation, except 100% repayment of the grant funds will be required to be repaid if the facility is converted during the first five years after the grant closeout date. The period for calculating the repayment amount will begin upon closeout of the grant and continue twenty years from that date, expected to be sometime in 2022.

In April of 1998, the County accepted a Community Development Block Grant from the Department of Community Affairs in the amount of \$500,000 for the construction of a new Mental Health and Substance Abuse Facility. As a condition of the grant, the County must agree to use the facility for the approved purpose throughout the life of the facility. Should the facility be converted to an ineligible use, the Department of Community Affairs will require repayment of the grant. The repayment will be based on 20-year straight-line depreciation, except 100% repayment of the grant funds will be required to be repaid if the facility is converted during the first five years after the grant closeout date. The period for calculating the repayment amount will begin upon closeout of the grant and continue twenty years from that date, expected to be sometime in 2022.

NOTE 11 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on a landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for up to thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports an estimated portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as a current operating expenditure in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The County received its closure certificate on June 17, 2003. As of December 31, 2005, the County has recorded a liability for the landfill of \$454,891 which represents the estimated postclosure cost based on 100% of landfill capacity used to date. All estimated liability for these costs has

NOTE 11 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST(CONTINUED)

been recognized since the landfill is no longer used. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2005. The estimated costs are subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The County is also required to demonstrate financial assurance that the closure and postclosure care cost can be paid in the future. As of December 31, 2005, the County was able to demonstrate those requirements using the financial ratio tests.

NOTE 12 - CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES

As discussed in NOTE 1, estimates are used in the preparation of these financial statements. Four of the estimates qualified as significant, in that it is reasonably possible that the estimate will change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events and this change will have a material effect on the financial statements.

The estimate for the closure/postclosure costs of the County's landfill qualifies as a significant estimate.

The estimate for allowance for doubtful accounts relating to Lumpkin County EMS accounts receivable qualifies as a significant estimate. The estimate is calculated based on the previous year's collection percentage of accounts greater than one year old.

The estimate for allowance for doubtful accounts related to fines receivable qualifies as a significant estimate. The estimate is calculated based on prior years' collection experience.

The estimate for accumulated depreciation on capital assets qualifies as a significant estimate. This estimate is based on the original or estimated cost of the assets, depreciated over the estimated useful lives using the straight line method.

NOTE 13 – GEORGIA MOUNTAIN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CENTER

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the area, are members of the Georgia Mountain Regional Development Center (RDC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended December 31, 2005, the County paid \$18,129 in such dues. Membership in an RDC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the RDC in Georgia. The RDC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

NOTE 13 – GEORGIA MOUNTAIN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT CENTER (CONTINUED)

Georgia Mountain Regional Development Center P. O. Box 1720
Gainesville, Georgia 30503-1720

NOTE 14 – HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the County collected \$70,155 of which \$28,062 was required to be spent to promote tourism, conventions, and trade shows. The County actually spent \$69,759. This was 248% of the tax receipts to be expended for these purposes under OCGA 48-13-51. The County complied with the requirements of this law.

NOTE 15 – JOINT VENTURES

Lumpkin County participates with Union and Towns Counties in the North Georgia Waste Management Authority. The Authority studied solid waste disposal issues, developed a plant to recycle waste paper and has leased those facilities to private entities. Lumpkin County has an ongoing financial interest and obligation for funding debt service requirements. The participating counties are annually assessed varying amounts to cover the Authority's inability to service its debt. During 2005, the County paid \$22,977 to the Authority. Financial statements for the Authority are available from the Authority at 170 Scoggins Drive, Demorest, Georgia 30535.

Lumpkin County and the City of Dahlonega share an undivided interest in a reservoir to be financed using loan proceeds from the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA). The environmental services contract with GEFA began in September 1999 with Lumpkin County and the City of Dahlonega each owning 50% undivided interest in the reservoir project. While the GEFA loan indicates that the City of Dahlonega and Lumpkin County are jointly and severally liable for the debt, the County and the City have entered into an intergovernmental agreement where the City guarantees the County's maximum liability to one-half of the debt.



Required Supplementary Information

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION FUNDING PROGRESS Year Ended December 31, 2005 "Unaudited"

(6) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) / (5)	20% 20% 18%
(5) Annual Covered Payroll (prior year)	\$3,188,737 3,451,296 3,525,890
(4) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2) - (1)	\$644,262 666,792 639,103
(3) Funded Ratio (1) / (2)	0% 13.8% 28.8%
(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$644,262 773,337 897,607
(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	\$0 106,545 258,504
Actuarial Valuation Date (01/01)	2003 2004 2005

Analysis of the dollar amounts of actuarial value of assets available for benefits, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the actuarial value of assets available for benefits as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of funding status on a going concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the Plan.

as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the Plan's progress in accumulating Trends in unfunded actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the Plan.

2003 was the first year that this plan was effective.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER RETIREMENT CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended December 31, 2005 "Unaudited'

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual <u>Contribution</u>	Percentage Contributed
2003	\$124,894	\$124,894	100.%
2004	136,800	162,255	118%
2005	151,415	172,455	114%

2003 was the first year that this plan was effective

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 (Required Supplementary Information)

	RIINGETEI	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	\$ 4,726,589	\$ 4,726,589	\$ 4,726,589	\$.
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	,,,	, ,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
Taxes	9,420,629	9,420,629	9,522,726	102,097
Licenses and permits	342,900	342,900	431,008	88,108
Fines and forfeitures	570,600	570,600	453,934	(116,666)
Charges for services	2,419,438	2,452,438	2,593,913	141,475
Interest income	119,235	119,237	193,902	74,665
Intergovernmental	241,204	241,204	804,031	562,827
Contributions and donations			36,926	36,926
Other	650	650	4,066	3,416
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,000	2,000	4,506	2,506
Transfers in	<u> </u>		48,423	48,423
Total Resources (Inflows)	13,116,656	13,149,658	14,093,435	943,777
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	17,843,245	17,876,247	18,820,024	943,777
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)				
General Government				
Commission	224,772	150,439	155,502	(5,063)
Elections	81,884	97,464	96,395	1,069
County Manager	197,490	206,810	210,089	3,279
Financial Administration	275,504	335,096	333,822	1,274
Legal	70,000	110,362	115,026	(4,664)
Data Processing/GIS Human Resources	70,933	65,939	65,095	844
Tax Commissioner	66,363	102,023	102,040	(17)
Tax Assessor	342,241 282.409	351,241 299,809	352,332 302,518	(1,091) (2,709)
Board of Equalization	5,035	2,135	2,092	(2,709) 43
Risk Management	50,000	29,000	28.530	43 470
Public/General Buildings	319,146	322,148	319,850	2,298
Administrative Support	250,777	182,620	4,553	178.067
General Administration Fees	24,600	26.700	38,991	(12,291)
Total General Government	2,261,154	2,281,786	2,126,835	154,951
Public Safety				
Sheriff-Criminal Investigation	575,583	582,231	581,147	1,084
Drug Task	97,859	97,859	97,901	(42)
Sheriff-Uniform Patrol	1,661,295	1,660,436	1,601,561	58,875
Detention Center	1,909,146	1,980,827	1,975,274	5,553
Sheriff-Animal Control	59,032	55,784	57,326	(1,542)
Fire Department	423,161	407,161	388,664	18,497
Ambulance	1,027,500	877,500	872,722	4,778
Emergency Management	88,837	89,963	90,977	(1,014)
Coroner	28,237	23,337	23,266	71
Animal Shelter	75,000	97,001	96,665	336
Total Public Safety	5,945,650	5,872,099	5,785,503	86,596

CONTINUED.....

- NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.
 2. See page 21 for budget violations.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

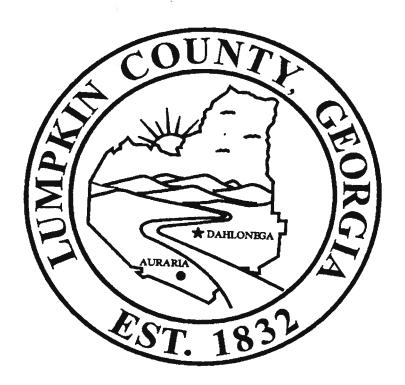
For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 (Required Supplementary Information)

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
CONTINUED				
Judicial System				
Enotah Circuit	322,373	258,373	257,981	392
Superior Court	239,367	270,553	261,967	8,586
Capital Trial	150,000	77,814	88,173	(10,359)
Clerk Superior Court	485,769	491,769	492,315	(546)
District Attorney	7,970	16,470	16,494	(24)
Victim Assistance	60,520	61,820	17,823	43,997
Magistrate Court	220,052	215,052	216,841	(1,789)
Probate Court	206,600	201,600	201,346	254
Total Judicial System	1,692,651	1,593,451	1,552,940	40,511
Public Works				
Admin-Public Works	70,829	82,029	84,772	(2,743)
Roads and Bridges	988,301	1,216,985	1,059,541	157,444
Total Public Works	1,059,130	1,299,014	1,144,313	154,701
Health and Welfare				
Rainbow House	51,169	51,169	50,269	900
Mental Health	8,640	•	•	•
Health Department	125,000	125,000	125,000	
DFACS	27,500	20,500	24,885	(4,385)
Senior Center	155,247	176,247	188,292	(12,045)
Transportation	79,224	79,224	69,645	9,579
Total Health and Welfare	446,780	452,140	458,091	(5,951)
Culture and Recreation Administration-Community Affairs and Leisure				-
Services	65,135	4,542	4,195	347
Park & Recreation	407,135	402,185	395,586	6,599
Community Center	186,277	195,327	195,038	289
After School	108,010	81,410	81,109	301
Library	446,874	446,874	446,874	
Total Culture and Recreation	1,213,431	1,130,338	1,122,802	7,536
Housing and Development				
County Extension Service	46,523	44,523	41,223	3,300
Planning	257,675	262,575	261,145	1,430
Environmental Enforcement & Education		1,370	471	899
Development Authority	38,821	38,821	38,821	•
Airport	30,835	51,035	50,090	945
Total Housing and Development	373,854	398,324	391,750	6,574
Transfers out	718,646	2,724,146	2,255,447	468,699
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	13,711,296	15,751,298	14,837,681	913,617
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(594,640)	(2,601,640)	(744,246)	1,857,394
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ 4,131,949	\$ 2,124,949	\$ 3,982,343	\$ 1,857,394

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

2. See page 21 for budget violations.



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specific purposes. The following special revenue funds are maintained by the County:

Drug Rehabilitation - to account for funds collected from fines & forfeitures to be used to create and maintain a Drug Abuse Treatment and Education Fund as provided in title 15, chapter 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated.

Law Library - to account for funds collected from fines and forfeitures to be used to maintain the Law Library as provided in title 36, chapter 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated.

Emergency Telephone System - to account for the monthly "911" charge to help fund the cost of providing the service as provided in title 46, Chapter 5 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated.

Drug Court - to account for funds collected and the related expenditures of the Drug Court established by agreement between Lumpkin and White Counties.

Juvenile Services - to account for funds from fines and forfeitures to be used for law enforcement activities.

North Georgia Waste Management - to account for funds collected and the related debt service payments of North Georgia Waste Management established by agreement between Towns, Union, and Lumpkin Counties.

Special Programs - to account for funds, such as fines, confiscated monies and donations received by Elected Officials of Lumpkin County to be expended within the guidelines of each program.

Public Defender - to account for funds from contributing counties to be used to maintain a circuit public defender's office as provided in title 17, chapter 12 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated.

Technology Fee Fund - to account for funds collected from fines to be used by Magistrate and Probate courts for technology related expenditures as established by HB414.

Multiple Grants Fund - to account for funds received and the related expenditures of all grants, except those related to Solid Waste activities, awarded to Lumpkin County.

Hotel/Motel Tax - to account for taxes charged on rental of hotel/motel rooms as provided in title 48m Chapter 13 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated. These funds are used for the promotion of tourism, conventions and trade shows in the County.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2005

											ے –	NORTH Georgia		
OFFICE	DR Rehabil	DRUG BILITATION	_	LAW LIBRARY	EW	EMERGENCY 911		DRUG COURT	7 22	JUVENILE Services	MAN	WASTE MANAGEMENT	S, E	SPECIAL Programs
Cash	w	5,767	*	135,293	•	•	*	17,406	<~	•	47	181	43	18,237
Other receivables(net or allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other funds Other assets		87,975				28,999 35,714		. 500		6,586				
TOTAL ASSETS	w	93,742	45	135,293	w	64,713	w	17,906	*	6,586	44	181	45	18,237
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue	•		47	1,547	45	7,051	*	4,936 5	45	• • •	**	• • 1	**	90 1300 H
TOTAL LIABILITIES		,		1,547		7,051		4,941		ŀ				9
FUND EQUITY Fund balance: Unreserved, undesignated		93,742		133,746		57,662		12,965		6,586		181	1	18,237
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		93,742		133,746		57,662		12,965		985'9		181		18,237
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	w	93,742	w	135,293	-	64,713	•	17,906	*	6,586	44	181	w	18,237

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS · SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2005

	4 H	PUBLIC Defender	TECHNOLOGY FEE FUND	OLOGY	MUL	MULTIPLE Grants fund	HOTE	HOTEL/MOTEL Tax		TOTAL
Assers Cash	•	43,042	w	٠	••	•	44	6,361	₩	226,287
Uther receivablestiet of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other funds Other assets				2,853		67,039 2,961				96,038 136,089 500
TOTAL ASSETS	 •>>	43,042	w	2,853	w	70,000	w	6,361	w	458,914
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue	w	106	40-		w		w	6,361	₩	13,534 6,472 70,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		106				70,000		6,361		90,006
FUND EQUITY Fund balance: Unreserved, undesignated		42,936		2,853		•		•		368,908
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		42,936		2,853		•		•		368,908
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	•	43,042	43	2,853	w	70,000	•	6,361	<∽	\$ 458,914

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS · SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

ENUE	Taxes	Fines and forfeitures	Charges for services	Interest income	ntergovernmental	Contributions and donations	Other
REVENUE	_	ᄄ	S	=	드	ပ	0

TOTAL REVENUE	EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety Judicial System Public Works Housing and Development Intergovernmental Capital Outlay
TOTAL RE	EXPENDIT General General Public S Public V Housing Intergo

TOTAL EXPENDITURES

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
Transfers in
Transfers out

TOTAL OTHER FINANCING Sources (USES)

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year FUND BALANCES, End of year

DRUG Rehabilitation	LAW LIBRARY	EMERGENCY 911	DRUG COURT	JUVENILE Services	NORTH GEORGIA WASTE MANAGEMENT	SPECIAL Programs
26,156	\$ 19,515 2,631	\$ 413,470	\$ 60,646 654 53,281 125		47,934	72,846
26,156	22,146	413,820	114,706		48,115	72,851
8,188	9,142	483,054	161,184	150		31,725
					47,934	300000
8,188	9,142	483,054	161,184	150	47,934	61,725
17,968	13,004	(69,234)	(46,478)	(150)	181	11,126
(45,000)		135,427	45,000			
(45,000)	٠	135,427	45,000	•	,	•
(27,032)	13,004	66,193	(1,478)	(150)	181	11,126
120,774	120,742	(8,531)	14,443	6,736	•	7,111
93,742	\$ 133,746	\$ 57,662	\$ 12,965	\$ 6,586	\$ 181	\$ 18,237

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	PUBLIC Defender	TECHNOLOGY FEE FUND	MULTIPLE GRANTS FUND	HOTEL/MOTEL Tax	TOTAL
nevenue Taxes Fines and forfeitures Charges for services		\$ 5,730	٠	\$ 70,114	\$ 70,114 45,671 552,692
Interest income Intergovernmental Contributions and donations Other	1,442	· · · ·	143,368	370	5,102 196,649 47,934 656
TOTAL REVENUE	1,442	5,730	143,368	70,484	918,818
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety Judicial System	42,637	2,877	49,104 54,588		572,071 270,578
Public Works Housing and Development Intergoverrmental Capital Outlay			31,513 42,256	69,759	69,759 79,447 72,256
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	42,637	2,877	177,461	69,759	1,064,111
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(41,195)	2,853	(34,093)	725	(145,293)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	74,599		81,337 (47,244)	(1,179)	336,363 (93,423)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING Sources (USES)	74,599	,	34,093	(1,179)	242,940
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	33,404	2,853	•	(424)	97,647
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	9,532		•	454	271,261
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ 42,936	\$ 2,853	40	w	\$ 368,908

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA DEBT SERVICE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
FUND DALANOFO Decision of some	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL 5 451 507	(NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,451,597	\$ 5,451,597
Taxes	1,540,623	1,540,623	2,923,192	1,382,569
Interest income	•	•	171,295	171,295
Total Resources (Inflows)	1,540,623	1,540,623	3,094,487	1,553,864
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	1,540,623	1,540,623	8,546,084	7,005,461
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)				
Debt Service Principal	795,000	795.000	795.000	
Interest	745,623	745,623	745,623	-
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	1,540,623	1,540,623	1,540,623	•
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			1,553,864	1,553,864
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,005,461	\$ 7,005,461
				· -

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG REHABILITATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

		BUDGETED	AMO			ACTUAL	_	ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	\$	ORIGINAL 120,774	\$	FINAL 120,774	\$	120,774	\$	(NEGATIVE)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)								
Fines and forfeitures		26,000		26,000		26,156		156
Other		28,000		28,000		•		(28,000)
Total Resources (Inflows)		54,000		54,000		26,156		(27,844)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		174,774		174,774		146,930		(27,844)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Public Safety Transfers out		9,000 45,000		9,000 45,000		8,188 45,000		812
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		54,000		54,000		53,188	_	812
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	_	-		•	-	(27,032)		(27,032)
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	120,774	\$	120,774	\$	93,742	\$	(27,032)
	_		_		_		_	

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	\$	BUDGETED ORIGINAL 120,742	AMC	OUNTS Final 120,742	\$	ACTUAL 120,742	\$	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	•	-,	•	,	•	•	•	(F. 405)
Fines and forfeitures Interest income		25,000		25,000		19,515 2,631		(5,485) 2,631
Other		15,000		15,000		•		(15,000)
Total Resources (Inflows)		40,000		40,000		22,146		(17,854)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		160,742		160,742		142,888		(17,854)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Judicial System		40,000		40,000		9,142		30,858
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	_	40,000		40,000		9,142		30,858
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		13,004		13,004
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	120,742	\$	120,742	\$	133,746	\$	13,004

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS) Charges for services Other Transfers in	\$	BUDGETED ORIGINAL 8,531 287,000 192,093	AM (DUNTS FINAL 8,531 287,000 192,093	\$	ACTUAL (8,531) 413,470 350 135,427	\$	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE) (17,062) 126,470 350 (56,666)
Total Resources (Inflows)	_	479,093	_	479,093	-	549,247		70,154
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		487,624	_	487,624	_	540,716	_	53,092
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Public Safety		479,093		479,093		483,054		(3,961)
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		479,093		479,093	_	483,054		(3,961)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		66,193	_	66,193
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	8,531	\$	8,531	\$	57,662	\$	49,131

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

2. See page 21 for budget violations.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG COURT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

		BUDGETED /	AMOL	JNTS				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL		(NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	\$	14,443	\$	14,443	\$	14,443	\$	•
RESOURCES (INFLOWS) Charges for services		35,600		35,600		60,646		25,046
Interest income		250		250		654		404
Intergovernmental		55,000		55,000		53,281		(1,719)
Other						125		125
Transfers in		45,000		45,000		45,000		•
Total Resources (Inflows)		135,850		135,850		159,706		23,856
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		150,293		150,293		174,149		23,856
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)	_						_	
Judicial System		135,850		135,850		161,184		(25,334)
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		135,850		135,850		161,184	_	(25,334)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(1,478)		(1,478)
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	14,443	\$	14,443	\$	12,965	\$	(1,478)
	_				_		_	

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

2. See page 21 for budget violations.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA JUVENILE SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARSION SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	\$ 6,736	\$ 6,736	\$ 6,736	\$ -
Charges for services	300	300		(300)
Total Resources (Inflows)	300	300		(300)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	7,036	7,036	6,736	(300)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Judicial System	6,300	6,300	150	6,150
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	6,300	6,300	150	6,150
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(6,000)	(6,000)	(150)	5,850
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ 736	\$ 736	\$ 6,586	\$ 5,850
				

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA NORTH GEORGIA WASTE MANAGEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

		BUDGETER) AM	DUNTS			1	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year	01 \$	RIGINAL .	\$	FINAL	- \$	ACTUAL .	\$	(NEGATIVE)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS) Contributions and donations Other					- -	47,934 181		47,934 181
Total Resources (Inflows)						48,115	-	48,115
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	<u> </u>	-				48,115	-	48,115
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Intergovernmental		-				47,934		(47,934)
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		-				47,934		(47,934)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		•				181	_	(181)
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	•	\$		- \$	181	\$	(181)
	==				= =		=	

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

2. See page 21 for budget violations.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS) Charges for services Interest income	01 \$	BUDGETED RIGINAL 7,111 25,000) AM \$	OUNTS FINAL 7,111 25,000	\$	ACTUAL 7,111 72,846 5	_	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE) - 47,846 5
Total Resources (Inflows)	*******	25,000		25,000	_	72,851	_	47,851
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		32,111		32,111		79,962	_	47,851
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Public Safety		25,000		25,000	_	61,725	_	(36,725)
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		25,000		25,000		61,725	_	(36,725)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				-		11,126	_	11,126
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	7,111	\$	7,111	\$	18,237	\$	11,126

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

2. See page 21 for budget violations.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA PUBLIC DEFENDER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	BUDGETED Riginal 9,532	AM (DUNTS FINAL 9,532	\$ ACTUAL 9,532	\$ VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Interest income			1	1,442	1,441
Transfers in	 90,655		99,466	 74,599	 (24,867)
Total Resources (Inflows)	90,655		99,467	76,041	(23,426)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	100,187	-	108,999	85,573	(23,426)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Judicial System	 90,655		80,807	42,637	38,170
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	 90,655		80,807	42,637	38,170
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		18,660	33,404	14,744
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ 9,532	\$	28,192	\$ 42,936	\$ 14,744

^{1.} The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA TECHNOLOGY FEE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

	0	BUDGET RIGINAL	ED AMOUNTS Final	ACTUAL	FI	RIANCE WITH INAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	\$	- \$	-	\$	\$	-
Charges for services		<u> </u>	-	5,730		5,730
Total Resources (Inflows)		-	•	5,730		5,730
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	-	-	-	5,730		5,730
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Judicial System	•			2,877		(2,877)
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS			-	2,877		(2,877)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			-	2,853		(2,853)
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	- \$	-	\$ 2,853	\$	(2,853)

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.

2. See page 21 for budget violations.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA MULTIPLE GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

	BUC ORIGINAL	AMOUNTS Final		ACTUAL		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	\$ -	\$ •	\$	•	\$	•
Intergovernmental Transfers in				143,368 81,337		143,368 81,337
Total Resources (Inflows)		•		224,705		224,705
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	 •			224,705	-	224,705
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)				· · · ·		
Public Safety	-			49,104		(49,104)
Judicial System	-	•		54,588		(54,588)
Intergovernmental	-	-		31,513		(31,513)
Capital Outlay	-	-		42,256		(42,256)
Transfers out	•	-		47,244		(47,244)
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	-	•	-	224,705		(224,705)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-			-		
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$ -	\$	\$	•	\$	
					_	

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.
2. See page 21 for budget violations.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		BUDGETED Iginal 454	AM(DUNTS Final 454	\$	ACTUAL 454	_	ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	•		•				•	
Taxes		60,000		60,000		70,114		10,114
Interest income		200		200		370		170
Total Resources (Inflows)		60,200		60,200	-	70,484	-	10,284
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION		60,654		60,654	_	70,938		10,284
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Housing and Development Transfers out		60,000 200		60,000 200		69,759 1,179		(9,759) (979)
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS		60,200		60,200		70,938		(10,738)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(454)		(454)
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	454	\$	454	\$	-	\$	(454)
			_		_		_	

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
1. The budgetary basis of accounting used in this schedule is the same as GAAP.
2. See page 21 for budget violations.



Fiduciary Funds

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds maintained by the County are as follows:

Tax Commissioner - to account for the collection of property taxes, motor vehicle tag and title fees and mobile home fees, etc. which are disbursed to various taxing units.

Sheriff - to account for the collection of cash bonds, fines, forfeitures, fifas, etc. which are disbursed to other parties.

Clerk of Superior Court - to account for the collection of various fines, forfeitures, jury fund receipts, real estate transfer taxes, recording of intangibles, fees, civil awards, etc. which are disbursed to other parties.

Probate Court - to account for the collection of fees for probate of wills, administration of estates, issuance of marriage licenses, maintenance of other vital records, and traffic fines which are disbursed to other parties.

Magistrate Court - to account for the collection of fees in jurisdiction of small claims courts, which are disbursed to other parties.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS December 31, 2005

ACCETO	COMIN	TAX Imissioner	SHERIFF		CLERK OF COURT	PROBATE COURT	MAGISTRATE Court	E		TOTAL
Abbe 1 S Cash	•	5,102,942	\$ 7,798	<>→	249,637	\$ 10,222	₩.	184	•	5,370,783
TOTAL ASSETS		5,102,942	7,798		249,637	10,222		184		5,370,783
LIABILITIES Funds held in trust		5,102,942	7,798	 -	249,637	10,222		184		5,370,783
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,102,942	7,798	1	249,637	10,222		184		5,370,783
NET ASSETS	w	•	w	00	•	45	w		w	.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2005

ASSETS Cash	Balance, January 1, 2005 Additions Deductions	2000 FC
ASSI C		•

Cash Balance, December 31, 2005

TOTAL ASSETS, December 31, 2005

LIABILITIES

Due to Lumpkin County
Balance, January 1, 2005
Additions
Deductions

Balance, December 31, 2005

Amounts held in trust Balance, January 1, 2005 Additions Deductions

Balance, December 31, 2005

TOTAL LIABILITIES

Balance January 1, 2005 Additions Deductions

TOTAL LIABILITIES, December 31, 2005

CO	TAX Commissioner		SHERIFF		CLERK OF COURT		PROBATE Court	_	MAGISTRATE Court		TOTAL
47	4,362,322 22,508,274 (21,767,654)	•	4,649 165,318 (162,169)	44	133,623 1,950,683 (1,834,669)	44	5,209 316,056 (311,043)	•	705 80,123 (80,644)	43	4,506,508 25,020,454 (24,156,179)
	5,102,942	l	7,798	ļ	249,637		10,222		184		5,370,783
	5,102,942	_{es}	7,798	🏎	249,637	🏎	10,222	44	184	w	5,370,783
w	8,213,587	45	14,176	₩	923,423 (923,423)	••	233,352 (233,352)	45	12,346	w	9,396,884 (9,396,884)
	4,362,322 14,294,687 (13,554,067)		4,649 151,142 (147,993)		133,623 1,027,260 (911,246)		5,209 82,704 (77,691)		705 67,777 (68,298)		4,506,508 15,623,570 (14,759,295)
	5,102,942		7,798		249,637		10,222		184		5,370,783
	4,362,322 22,508,274 (21,767,654)		4,649 165,318 (162,169)		133,623 1,950,683 (1,834,669)		5,209 316,056 (311,043)		705 80,123 (80,644)		4,506,508 25,020,454 (24,156,179)
45	5,102,942	🛷	7,798	w	249,637	w	10,222	•>	184	00	5,370,783
								l		l	



Supplementary Information

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX Year Ended December 31, 2005

CURRENT
ORIGINAL

	Ö	ORIGINAL	ひ	CURRENT		EXPEN	EXPENDITURES	
PROJECT	ESTIM	ESTIMATED COSTS	ESTIM	ESTIMATED COSTS	PRI	PRIOR YEARS	CURR	CURRENT YEAR
SPLOST #4 - Commenced January 1, 1999	1, 1999							
Roads, streets and bridges	€	5,000,000	64)	5,405,474	6-9	5,405,474	€	16,020
Construct and equip three fire stations and a detention center		5,000,000		8,383,859		5,733,118		•
	8	10,000,000	₩.	13,789,333	8	11,138,592	€5	16,020
SPLOST #5 - Commenced April 1, 2003	2003							
Debt Service-Public Building Authority	rity \$	15,750,000	69	15,750,000	↔	2,766,889	↔	1,540,623



Statistical Section

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	14,479,406	16,007,120	16,236,489
	 \$4		69
Solid Waste	803,277 \$ 514,378 \$ 14,479,406	510,684	\$ 129,961 \$ 16,236,489
Sol	€9		69
Interest	803,277	790,656	730,375
	69		↔
Housing and Development	\$ 620,179 \$	520,862	480,781 \$
	€9	_	6 9
Culture and Recreation	1,106,390	1,242,770	479,565 \$ 1,224,885
C &	€9		€9
Health and Welfare	400,728 \$ 1,106,390	462,638	479,565
Н	69		↔
Public Works	1,741,101 \$	2,125,352	2,096,317 \$
P_{μ}	€>		⇔
Judicial	1,678,388	1,789,521	\$ 6,680,106 \$ 2,138,531
	∽		€9
Public Safety Judicial	5,764,114	6,267,766	6,680,106
Pu	\$		69
General Government	1,920,851 \$ 5,764,114 \$ 1,678,388	2,296,871	2,275,968
ত	69		€9
Fiscal Year	2003	2004	2005

The County adopted GASB 34 in 2003. Data for years prior to this are not available.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

Government-Wide Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Other Total	(89,419) \$ 16,814,351	55,234 17,158,529	27,229 \$ 20,307,634
		l	€9		↔
NUES	Unrestricted Investment	Income	249,792	241,019	378,194
EVE	a	I	€9		€9
GENERAL REVENUES	Grants and Contributions	Not Restricted	272,275	284,197	291,838
	G B	Not	⇔		€>
		Taxes	11,511,566	12,209,602	12,466,879
			€9		∽
	Capital Grants and	Contributions	\$ 399,526	1,413,790	\$ 1,918,603
ENUE					
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating Grants and	Contributions	633,300	487,858	1,001,087
ROGE	5 6	S	€9		₩
a		Services	\$ 3,837,311	2,466,829	\$ 4,223,804
	Fiscal	ı	2003	2004	2005

The County adopted GASB 34 in 2003. Data for years prior to this are not available.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA General Fund Revenues and Transfers In by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes	7	Licenses and Permits	Fines and Forfeitures	Charges for Services	<i>I</i>	Interest	Intergovern- mental	Other	Transfers In		Total
1996	996 \$ 4,727,966	\$ 99		\$ 295,135	76,877 \$ 295,135 \$ 370,652	69	236,153	236,153 \$ 467,587 \$	647,726	647,726 \$ 695,827	69	7,517,923
1997	6,294,047	47	147,792	485,383	1,032,418		286,078	658,711	174,410	,		9,078,839
1998	6,151,735	35	184,739	580,920	1,082,485		265,175	695,202	167,297	27,919		9,155,472
1999	6,301,858	28	191,350	606,777	1,219,056		159,684	813,462	601,036	•		9,893,223
2000	7,311,552	22	201,619	551,549	967,058		98,915	833,323	24,268	709,995	_	10,698,279
2001	8,508,834	2 6	208,961	673,916	915,526		246,830	700,534	81,413	129,659	-	1,465,673
2002	8,744,582	82	253,170	712,400	1,306,943		225,639	783,528	118,570	83,963		12,228,795
2003	8,908,483	83	245,434	599,127	2,037,624		174,340	905,167	9,573	138,205	-	13,017,953
2004	9,138,389	86	319,893	646,286	2,474,209		122,661	920,413	3,047	ı	-	13,624,898
2005	\$ 9,522,726	\$ 97		431,008 \$ 453,934	\$ 2,593,913	69	193,902	\$ 804,031 \$	40,992	\$ 48,423	5∕	\$ 14,088,929

General Fund Tax Revenues by Source Last Three Fiscal Years

			ı	8		6	9
		Total		8,908,48		9,138,389	9,522,72
				69			69
Insurance	Premium	Tax		\$ 662,480		93,841 716,816	\$ 765,472 \$ 9,522,726
		Sales Tax Other Taxes		189,579 \$ 252,703 \$ 86,805 \$ 103,479 \$1,960,473 \$ 161,958 \$662,480 \$ 8,908,483		93,841	63,653
		0		69			6/3
		Sales Tax		\$1,960,473		2,149,649	76,542 \$2,204,165 \$
	Real Estate	Transfer		103,479		63,198	76,542
	R			69			69
	Alcoholic	Beverage		86,805		94,892	241,780 \$ 246,593 \$ 113,434 \$
	7	I		↔			⇔
	Intangible	Recording		252,703	;	262,559	246,593
				69			69
erest, Cost	Penalties on	elinquent		189,579	ļ	177,016	241,780
Int	Pe	Ď		69			↔
		Year Property Tax De		2003 \$ 5,491,006	1	5,580,418	2005 \$ 5,811,087
		P		69			69
	Fiscal	Year		2003		2004	2005

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA
General Fund Expenditures and Transfers Out by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		General						Health and	Culture and	Housing and	Į.	Capital	Debt	Transfers	
Year	<u>ق</u>	Government	Public Safety		Judicial	Pul	Public Works	Welfare	Recreation	Development	, tu	Outlay	Service	Out	Total
1996	\$	1,411,917	1,411,917 \$ 1,448,351 \$	\$	848,345	⇔	1,568,905 \$		689,624 \$ 491,677 \$	ا ج	€9	•	' ∽	\$ 635,637 \$	7,094,456
1997		1,408,566	1,278,755	10	716,633		838,557	858,691	675,265			548,585	93,331	1,271,438	7,689,821
8661		1,583,955	1,439,572	~	786,145		3,010,629	982,328	763,896		•	1,978,196	109,119	1,488,887	12,142,727
1999		2,137,137	2,814,061	_	861,300		1,154,193	157,820	930,630			694,296	88,086	1,727,919	10,565,442
2000		1,900,131	3,154,455	10	1,096,953		2,532,940	380,735	2,671,491	348,711		2,686,868	356,175	1,283,668	16,412,127
2001		1,813,244	2,993,685		1,120,937		778,970	338,188	951,005	356,115	15	346,976	265,996	1,783,250	10,748,366
2002		1,816,706	4,730,906	2	1,309,934		891,610	350,448	991,205	580,803	03	107,783	144,482	421,406	11,345,283
2003		1,774,496	5,019,179	•	1,476,100		792,406	368,916	1,023,611	523,372	72	67,602	87,250	1,898,968	13,031,900
2004		1,874,934	5,233,385	10	1,549,349		1,240,042	440,725	1,124,944	439,351	51	69,559	21,013	1,631,424	13,624,726
2005	↔	2,126,835 \$		€9	5,700,625 \$ 1,552,940	€9	1,144,313	\$ 458,091	458,091 \$ 1,122,802 \$		\$ 05	29,480	\$ 55,398	391,750 \$ 29,480 \$ 55,398 \$ 2,255,447 \$ 14,837,681	14,837,681

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Tax Years

Ratio of Outstanding Delinquent S Delinquent Taxes to Tax vy Taxes (4) Levy
Kano of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy
Total Tax Collections to
Delinquent Tax Collections (3)
Percent of Current Tax Collected
Per Curi
;
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Current Tax Collections (2)

⁽¹⁾ The amount in the Total Tax Levy column represents the levy on real & personal property for County Maintenance and Operations and for reservoir payments in the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the County.

⁽²⁾ Current tax collections include collections through ninety days beyond the due date.

⁽³⁾ Includes interest and penalties.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. For a complete discussion of revenue recognition, see Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

⁽⁴⁾ Amount of tax levy outstanding at end of fiscal year, except Tax Year 2005, which represents amount remaining at ninety days beyond due date.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA

Assessed and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

l			Real Property					Pe	Personal Property (2)	obe.	rty (2)		Ţ	Total		
Tax Year	Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value	E	Exemptions	4	Assessed Value	Esti At V.	Estimated Actual Value	Ex	Exemptions	`*	Assessed Value (3)	46	Estimated Actual Value (4)	Assessed Value to Total Estimated Actual Value
\$ 9661	303,478	. 87	758,695	∽	36,361	€9	65,637 \$		164,093 \$	<u> </u>	3,998	 ∽	328,757		922,788	40.0%
1997	326,654	54	816,635		39,032		78,341	19.	195,853		6,522		359,441	,	1,012,488	40.0%
1998	343,235	35	858,088		40,694		80,369	20(200,923		6,421		376,488	-	1,059,010	40.0%
1999	366,169	69	915,423		41,308		97,159	24.	242,898		12,222		409,797	-	1,158,320	40.0%
2000	394,193	93	985,483		35,185		107,606	269	269,015		9,005		457,609		1,254,498	40.0%
2001	422,340	40	1,055,850		44,120	-	118,438	29(296,095		11,418	•	485,240		1,351,945	40.0%
2002	767,522	22	1,918,805		108,112	_	125,365	31.	313,413		986'6		774,790	(1	2,232,218	40.0%
2003	799,342	42	1,998,354		119,884	_	120,695	30	301,738		4,129		796,023	(A	2,300,092	40.0%
2004	832,475	75	2,081,187		125,058	_	115,818	289	289,545		4,976		818,260	(A	2,370,732	40.0%
2005 \$	893,277	\$ 22	2,233,192	€9	130,277	8	120,059 \$		300,148 \$, .	2,080	€9	676,778	⇔	2,533,340	40.0%

⁽¹⁾ All property is assessed as of January 1st of each year.

Total assessed value is based on 40% of estimated actual value.

⁽²⁾ Personal property includes business inventories, machinery, equipment, furniture, and fixtures used in business, farm equipment, motor vehicles, aircraft, boats, timber, heavy equipment, and mobile homes.

⁽³⁾ After subtracting real and personal property exemptions.

⁽⁴⁾ Before exemptions are applied.

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA Property Tax Rate - Mills Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Year	9661	1661	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
County - Incorporated	12.020	11.520	11.020	11.020	12.740	13.150	8.360	8.275	8.275	890.6
County - Unincorporated	10.700	10.200	9.890	9.750	11.590	11.995	7.483	7.308	7.277	8.052
County - Unincorporated (Reservoir)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.411
School Operations	14.670	14.670	15.670	16.000	16.000	16.750	13.250	13.250	14.250	14.190
City of Dahlonega	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000	3.986	3.883	2.931	2.900	2.867	3.620
State of Georgia	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250
Total Incorporated	30.940	30.440	30.940	31.270	32.976	34.033	24.791	24.675	25.642	27.128
Total Unincorporated	25.620	25.120	25.810	26.000	27.840	28.995	20.983	20.808	21.777	22.903

Principal Taxpayers Tax Year 2005

Taxpayer	Type of Business		100% Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Assessed Valuation	•	Current Year Tax Levy(1)	Percentage of Current Year Tax Levy
The Torrington Company	Industrial	\$	26,568,070	1.19%	\$	87,036	1.3%
Standard Telephone	Utility		21,679,473	0.97%		75,564	1.2%
Inland Container Corp.	Industrial		22,181,035	0.99%		75,087	1.1%
Wal-Mart Store #2513	Commercial		9,415,730	0.42%		34,153	0.5%
Amicalola EMC	Utility		9,958,680	0.45%		33,713	0.5%
Sherman Green	Individual		9,307,363	0.42%		33,431	0.5%
Georgia Power Company	Utility		8,553,010	0.38%		29,922	0.5%
R Ranch in the Mountain	Resort		8,100,658	0.36%		27,422	0.4%
Cottrell Family Partnership, LP	Commercial		9,845,168	0.44%		13,027	0.2%
Trust Company of Georgia	Commercial		8,385,175	0.38%		5,868	0.1%
All Other Taxpayers	General		2,099,197,305	94.00%		6,133,449	93.7%
Total		\$]	2,233,191,665	100.00%	\$	6,548,672	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ The tax levy is only amount levied for just the County maintenance and operations and reservoir payments, not for all taxing authorities. The ranking is based on amount of tax levied not on assessed value which is before exemptions.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds December 31, 2005

Jurisdiction	Bonded Debt Outstanding
Direct General Obligation Debt	\$ 11,660,000
Overlapping General Obligation Debt Lumpkin County School District	19,007,986
Total	\$ 30,667,986

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt To Assessed Value And Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Ratio (Bon			
Tax Year	Population (1)	_	Assessed alue (2)*	B	Gross Sonded ebt* (3)	Deb Asse Val	ssed	Del	Bonded bt per apita
1996	17,771		328,757	\$	-		-	\$	_
1997	18,731		359,441		-		÷.		-
1998	19,709		376,488		-		-		×=
1999	20,547		409,797		(=)		-		-
2000	21,016		457,609		-		-		-
2001	21,172		485,240		15,750	3.4	4%		744
2002	21,855		774,790		13,635	2.8	1%		624
2003	23,412		796,023		12,770	1.63	5%		545
2004	23,185		818,260		12,455	1.50	6%		537
2005	24,324	\$	893,277	\$	11,660	1.42	2%	\$	479

^{*} Expressed in thousands.

⁽¹⁾ Information from U.S. Census Estimates.

⁽²⁾ From Table 6.

⁽³⁾ From Table 9.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures For General Obligation Bonded Debt To Total General Fund Expenditures and Transfers Out Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Pri	ncipal	In	terest_)	Total Debt ervice	Total General Fund Expenditures		Ratio of Debt Service to General Fund Expenditures	
1996	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	7,094	-	
1997		-		-		-		7,690	-	
1998		-		-		-		12,143	-	
1999		-		-		-		10,565	-	
2000		-		-		-		16,412	-	
2001		-		403		403		10,748	3.75%	
2002		2,115		883		2,998		11,345	26.43%	
2003		865		808		1,673		13,032	12.84%	
2004		315		779		1,094		13,625	8.03%	
2005	\$	795	\$	746	\$	1,541	\$	14,838	10.39%	

Computation of Legal Debt Margin December 31, 2005

Assessed Valuation Assessed Value	\$893,276,666
Legal Debt Margin: Debt Limitation - 10 Percent of Total Assessed Value	89,327,667
Total Debt Applicable to limitation	11,660,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$77,667,667
Percent of Debt Limit Used	13.05%

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	(1) Population	(2) Per Capita Income	(1) Median Age	(3) School Enrollment	(2) Unemployment Rate
1996	17,771	18,093	n/a	2,861	3.2%
1997	18,731	19,237	n/a	2,974	3.1%
1998	19,709	20,418	n/a	3,049	3.2%
1999	20,547	20,733	n/a	3,191	2.2%
2000	21,016	21,935	32.5	3,163	1.8%
2001	21,976	22,188	n/a	3,232	2.3%
2002	22,665	22,356	n/a	3,413	2.9%
2003	23,412	n/a	n/a	3,497	2.5%
2004	23,185	n/a	n/a	3,520	3.5%
2005	24,324	n/a	n/a	3675	4.5%

Sources:

- (1) Information From U.S. Census Estimates.
- (2) Information From the Georgia Department of Labor.
- (3) Information From the Lumpkin County School Superintendent's Office.

Property Values, Construction and Bank Deposits Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Year	(1) Real Property Value*	(2) Number of Permits	(2) Estimated Construction Costs*	(3) Bank Deposits*
1996	758,695	627	27,189	163,000
1997	816,635	690	37,007	204,000
1998	858,088	746	43,507	221,867
1999	915,423	759	64,577	247,894
2000	985,483	709	80,043	248,123
2001	1,055,850	601	38,157	292,775
2002	1,918,805	648	40,009	266,822
2003	1,998,354	625	47,720	252,015
2004	2,081,187	512	42,458	245,120
2005	2,233,192	634	59,364	254,448

^{*} Amounts expressed in thousands.

⁽¹⁾ Estimated actual value of real property from table 6, excluding exemptions.

⁽²⁾ Source: Lumpkin County Planning Department.

⁽³⁾ Source: Georgia Department of Banking and Finance

Miscellaneous Statistics

Date of Establishment	1832
Form of Government	5 Member Board
1990 Population	14,573
2000 Population	21,016
Population Percentage Gain 1990-2000	44.2%
Area in Square Miles	285
Miles of Public Roads (County Maintained)	420.00
Government Services and Facilities:	
Recreation and Culture	
Community Centers	1
Senior Centers	1
Libraries	1
Fire Services	
Number of Stations	5
Number of Full Time Employees	2
Number of Part-Time Employees	15
Number of Volunteers	45
Number of Vehicles	18
Emergency Services	
Number of Full Time Employees	23
Number of Part-Time Employees	8
Number of Vehicles	4
Public Safety	
Number of Employees	76
Number of Vehicles	48
Court System	
Superior Court Judges	2
Magistrate Court Judges	2
Juvenile Court Judges	1
Probate Court Judges	1
Water and Sewerage Authority	
Employees	2
Development Authority	
Employees	1
Health Department	
Number of Full Time Employees	13
Number of Part-Time Employees	2
Number of Buildings	1
<u>Hospitals</u>	
Number of Employees	230
Number of Patient Beds	49



Other Reports

LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THRU GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT/ CONTRACT NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	<u>EXPENDITURES</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Passed-through the Georgia Department of Natural Resources				
Recreational Trails Program	20.219	NRT-03(17)	\$ 99,000	\$33,661_
State and Community Highway Safety	20.500	MTG00-0123-00-052	36,162	32,003
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			135,162	65,664
U.S DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed through the Department of Human Resources				
Special Programs for the Aging				
Title III, Part B	93.044	427-93-45228	10,764	10,764
Title III, Part C1, C2	93.045	427-93-45228	24,818	24,818
		Aging Cluster	35,583	35,582
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	427-93-45228	7,105	7,105
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			42,688	42,687
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Bulletproof Vest Program	16.607	FY 2005	20,254	3,025
Passed -through the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council				
Victim's Assistance (C04-8-032)	16.575	2004-VA-GX-0004	35,781	26,892
Victim's Assistance (C04-8-183)	16.575	2004-VA-GX-0004	59,779	11,851
			95,560	38,743
Violence Against Women Act Grant (W04-8-014)	16.588	2004-WF-AX-0022	33,540	28,719
Violence Against Women Act Grant (W03-8-057)	16.588	2004-WF-AX-0022	8,385	8,385
			41,925	37,104
Passed -through the Council of Juvenile Court Judges:		04D CT 0001		5.000
Purchase of Service - Juvenile Offenders Program	16.523 16.523	03B-ST-0001 03B-ST-0003	9,000 9,000	5,829
Purchase of Service - Juvenile Offenders Program	10.323	036-31-0003	18,000	1,830 7,659
Total U.S. Department of Justice			175,739	86,531
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Passed-through the Georgia Emergency Mangement Agency				
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	FFY2004	3,125	3,125
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	HMGP-02187	11,493	11,493
Passed-through the Federal Emergency Management Agency				
Disaster Assistance Projects	97.088	FEMA-1554-DR-GA	200,711	200,711
Total Department of Homeland Security			215,329	215,329
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed-through the Georgia Department of Community Affairs				
Community Development Block Grant	14.219	02q-z-093-1-2751	350,000	162,442
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		•	350,000	162,442
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES			\$ 918,917	\$ 572,653

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

- 1: This schedule is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 2: The Lumpkin County Health Department, a component unit, has no Federal Awards.
- 3: The Lumpkin County Water and Sewerage Authority, a component unit, has no Federal Awards.
- 4: The Lumpkin County Development Authority, a component unit, has no Federal Awards.
- 5: The Lumpkin County Hospital Authority, a component unit, has no Federal Awards.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 22, 2006

Board of Commissioners Lumpkin County, Georgia Dahlonega, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2006. We did not audit the financial statements of THE LUMPKIN COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT, which statements reflect total assets of \$293,920 as of June 30, 2005 and total revenues of \$1,009,358 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion on the basic financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for THE LUMPKIN COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT component unit, is based solely on the reports of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable

conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 05-03 through 05-22.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 05-01 through 05-02.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Commissioners, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Batin, Care : Co., P.C.



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

June 22, 2006

Board of Commissioners Lumpkin County, Georgia Dahlonega, Georgia

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2005. LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered LUMPKIN COUNTY, GEORGIA's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, Board of Commissioners and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bates, Care 100, P.C.



I SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS:

- 1. Report issued on Financial Statements Unqualified opinion
- 2. Compliance (financial statements) Two material instances of noncompliance
- 3. Internal Control (financial statements) Twenty reportable conditions, no material weakness
- 4. Compliance (major programs) Unqualified opinion, no instances of noncompliance.
- 5. Internal control (major programs) Unqualified opinion
- 6. Audit findings required to be reported under A133 Section 510(a)
 - i) Reportable conditions in internal controls over major programs None reported
 - ii) Material noncompliance related to major programs None reported
 - iii) Known questioned costs greater than \$10,000 for major programs None reported
 - iv) Known questioned costs greater than \$10,000 for a program not audited as major None reported
 - v) Circumstances if report on compliance is other than unqualified N/A
 - vi) Known fraud N/A
 - vii) Misrepresentation in schedule of prior audit findings None reported
- 7. Major programs for the year: CFDA 14.219 Community Development Block Grant (passed-through the Georgia Department of Community Affairs), CFDA 97.088 Disaster Assistance Projects (passed-through Federal Emergency Management Agency).
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$300,000.
- 9. Does the auditee qualify as a low risk auditee under A133 Section 530 no.

II AUDIT FINDINGS - GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Finding Number

COMPLIANCE

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

O5-01 Statement of Condition:

Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations for the following departments:

<u>Department</u>	Budget	Actual		<u>Difference</u>	
General Fund:					
Commission	\$ 150,439	\$ 155,502	\$	5,063	
Legal	110,362	115,026		4,664	
General Administration Fees	26,700	38,991		12,291	
Capital Trial	77,814	88,173		10,359	
DFACS	20,500	24,885		4,385	
Senior Center	176,247	188,292		12,045	
Special Revenue Funds:					
Emergency Telephone System	479,093	483,054		3,961	
Drug Court	135,850	161,184		25,334	
North Georgia Waste Management	-	47,934		47,934	
Special Programs	25,000	61,725		36,725	
Technology Fee	-	2,877		2,877	
Multiple Grants	-	224,705		224,705	
Hotel/Motel Tax	60,200	70,938		10,738	

Criteria: The Official Code of Georgia Section 36-81-3 states that

expenditures are not allowed to exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level unless a budget amendment has been adopted by resolution or ordinance of the Commissioner.

Effect of Condition: The County is in violation of the State budget law.

Cause of Condition: The excess in the departments is primarily due to year-end

accounts payable accruals.

Recommendation: At the time that it becomes known that unbudgeted costs are

anticipated, the commissioner should adopt a budget amendment before the purchase order is prepared. Such amendments need to be adopted by ordinance or resolution by the commissioner in

order to fulfill the requirements of State law.

Response: The Finance Office will prepare budget amendments at year end

to cover the unbudgeted costs.

O5-02 Statement of The County did not adopt budgets for the Multiple Grants, North

Condition: Georgia Waste Management, and Technology Fee special revenue

funds for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Criteria: Georgia Code Section 36-81-3 states each local government shall

adopt and operate under an annual balanced budget for

governmental funds.

Effect of Condition: The County is in violation of the State budget law.

Cause of Condition: The County created these new special revenue funds during the

year under audit, but never established an original budget for

them.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Finance department ensure that all

governmental funds have properly balanced budgets.

Response: This problem has been corrected in 2006. Going forward, the

finance office will ensure that all funds have properly balanced

budgets.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

PROBATE COURT

05-03 Statement of

Condition:

The Probate Court does not make weekly deposits.

Criteria: Funds should be deposited in the bank at least weekly.

Effect of Condition: The risk of theft increases proportionately with the amount of

cash on hand.

Cause of Condition: The Probate Chief Clerk tries to keep enough money on hand to

make change as necessary because many people pay with large cash bills. In addition, much of the month's revenue is received

during court.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Clerk prepare weekly deposits.

Response: The Probate Court clerk now makes deposits weekly.

Statement of All Probate Court staff use the Probate Court's front desk

Condition: computer under the same login and the computer is left logged in

while unattended.

<u>Criteria:</u> To keep County electronic records secure, staff should log in

under his or her own user name and password when using any County computer and log out before leaving computer unattended. In addition, employees should not share their

passwords.

Effect of Condition: If everyone uses the computer under the same login, there is no

way to track who really made changes to electronic files. In addition, any individual who comes into the office can readily see information on the screen and may have unauthorized access to

County files.

<u>Cause of Condition:</u> Cause unknown.

05-04

Recommendation: We recommend that staff log in under his or her own user name

and password every time they use a County computer and log out

before leaving the computer unattended.

Response: The software program currently used by the court does not have

the ability to allow users to log on and off. In addition, all records that can be seen by the public from our computer in the waiting

area are open records.

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

O5-05 Statement of The E-911 personnel are not attaching the cardiac monitor tapes

Condition: to the Patient Care Report.

Criteria: County policy requires that the paramedic staple a cardiac monitor

tape to the Patient Care Report whenever a cardiac monitor is

used on a patient.

Effect of Condition: The Emergency Medical Services has no documentation to

substantiate that a patient received Advanced Life Support services. As a result, the County may not be paid for this

procedure.

Cause of Condition: Cause unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that Emergency Medical Services personnel

follow County policy and staple the cardiac monitor tape to the Patient Care Report whenever a cardiac monitor is employed.

Response: In the future, all applicable Patient Care Reports without a cardiac

monitor tape will be returned to the shift supervisor to ensure County policy is followed. In addition, personnel cannot leave the shift until the Patient Care Report is complete with all necessary attachments, including cardiac monitor tapes, if applicable. Failure to follow these policies will result in disciplinary action

on the Emergency Medical Services staff involved.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

O5-06 Statement of The Finance Department does not add the total receipts received

Condition: from each department and agree that amount to the funds received

from that department for the same period.

Criteria: To ensure proper internal controls, the Finance Department

should add all receipts received from each department and agree that total amount to the funds received from that department for

the same period.

Effect of Condition: The Finance Department will not know if the funds given to

Finance do not equal the amount receipted.

Cause of Condition: Cause unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Finance Department add the total receipts

received from each department and agree that amount to the funds

received from that department for the same period.

Response: A policy was implemented in 2006 within the finance office to

add all receipts and agree the balance to funds received and the

income report turned in with the deposit.

MAGISTRATE COURT

Condition: individual from altering receipts after the receipt is printed.

<u>Criteria:</u> In order to insure proper internal controls, no one should be

allowed to alter a receipt after the receipt is printed. The only change that a system should allow is to void the transaction and

issue another receipt.

Effect of Condition: The system does not have adequate controls to prevent the

misappropriation of funds. Furthermore, the system limits the auditor's ability to give assurance on the Magistrate Court's

revenues.

Cause of Condition: Cause unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that the software system be replaced as soon as

possible with a software program that prevents unauthorized changes to its configuration, overrides to receipts, calculations of disbursements, and report generation. Until the time an adequate program can be installed, the Court should issue pre-numbered three carbon-copy hand-written receipts, and give one copy of the receipt to the payee, staple one copy to the Acknowledgement of Receipt form and file it in the case file, and leave the third copy in the Receipt book for the individual who prepares the bank

deposits.

Response: The County purchased a new software program in 2006 that

prevents unauthorized changes to its configuration, overrides to receipts, calculations of disbursements, and report generation. Until this new system was available, the Court issued prenumbered three carbon-copy handwritten receipts and filed a copy with the Acknowledgement of Receipt form in the case file,

leaving the third copy in the Receipt book.

05-08 Statement of The Magistrate Court staff routinely share passwords.

Condition:

Criteria: In order to insure proper internal controls, no one should share

passwords and no one should use the computer under a different

login than his own.

Effect of Condition: Most system track changes by user name. If passwords are shared,

a person can gain unauthorized access. In addition, auditors

cannot trace who actually made the changes.

Cause of Condition: Not all personnel are trained on the current computer system, so

other personnel who are more comfortable with computers

perform their duties.

Recommendation: We recommend that, as soon as the new software program is

installed, everyone obtains new passwords and keeps their passwords secure. Everyone should be trained on the new system

to prevent the need of password sharing.

Response: After installing the new software, all users received new

passwords and no longer share passwords or use a computer under another staff person's user name. Staff understands that the

system tracks all changes by user name.

05-09 Statement of The Magistrate Court does not make weekly deposits.

Condition:

Criteria: Funds should be deposited in the bank at least weekly.

Effect of Condition: The risk of theft increases proportionately with the amount of

cash on hand.

Cause of Condition: Cause unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that Judge Edmundson prepare weekly deposits,

agreeing that period's handwritten receipts to the funds in the safe

while preparing the deposit.

Response: The Magistrate Court makes weekly deposits when it has funds to

deposit.

05-10 Statement of We noted that the same person receipting most of the money,

condition: especially restitution and fines for bad check cases, is the same

person preparing the month end reports.

Criteria: In order to insure proper internal controls, these duties should be

separated. One individual should follow-up on bad check case files and process the end-of-month reports, and a different

individual should receipt the funds.

Effect of Condition: The lack of segregation of duties allowed misappropriation of

funds in the current year and places too much of a workload on one individual. This is one reason why the Magistrate Court has not been able to process the bad check cases on a timely basis.

Cause of Condition: The Magistrate Court experienced a change in personnel, and the

clerks are still being learning their new duties.

Recommendation: We recommend that Court separate these duties as soon as it is

feasible.

Response: The new clerk is receipting most of the cash, but is still learning

other functions. Therefore, the individual who prepares the month-end reports sometimes helps her receipt funds. An independent, third individual prepares the deposits and reviews

the month-end reports.

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

05-11 Statement of The Planning Department is not submitting funds to the Finance

Condition: Department in a timely manner.

Criteria: Funds received should be submitted to the Finance Department by

the end of the next business day.

Effect of Condition: The risk of theft increases proportionately with the amount of cash

on hand.

Cause of Condition: Cause unknown.

Condition:

Recommendation: We recommend that the Planning Department staff prepare the

daily income report and take the funds to the Finance Department

by the end of the next business day.

Response: The Planning Department's policy is to submit funds within a day

of receipt. We will ensure this policy is followed in the future.

SHERIFF

05-12 Statement of There is a lack of segregation of duties at the Detention Center.

The accounting manager receipts cash, prepares the deposit,

issues checks, signs checks, and reconciles the bank statement.

Criteria: To ensure proper controls over cash, there should be a separation

of the check issuance procedures, deposit responsibilities, and

bank statement reconciliation.

Effect of Condition: There is an increased risk of misappropriation of assets when

there is a lack of segregation of duties and it places too much of a

workload on one individual.

Cause of Condition: Cause of condition unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that the individual who prepares and records

checks in the accounting records not be given check-signing authority. We also recommend that someone other than the person

preparing the bank reconciliation review and sign it.

Response: As of July 17, 2006, Captain Garcia is signing all checks. Vickie

Belville, Inmate Service Clerk, will balance accounts, write

checks, order supplies for inmate use, and make deposits.

05-13 Statement of We noted during our audit that the Detention Center staff does

Condition: not use prenumbered receipt books when collecting money.

Criteria: To ensure proper internal controls over cash, prenumbered

receipts should be issued to the payer when receiving cash from any source and a carbon copy of the receipt should be retained in

the receipt book.

Effect of Condition: Nothing prevents an individual from misappropriating cash and

adjusting the amount recorded in the log book.

Cause of Condition: Cause of condition unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Detention Center staff issue prenumbered

receipts when any cash is received. At the end of each day, staff should balance the amount receipted per the receipt book to the funds on hand. The individual balancing the funds should not be

the same individual issuing the receipts.

Response: As of July 12, 2006, a pre-numbered receipt book was initiated

for all monies received for Inmate Funds.

05-14 Statement of We noted during our audit that the Petty Cash account is a non-

Condition: interest bearing account.

Criteria: Interest should be earned on all eligible money held by the

Sheriff's Office.

Effect of Condition: As of 12/31/2005, an account with a balance of \$16,301 is not

drawing interest.

<u>Cause of Condition:</u> Cause of condition unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend having the bank convert this account to an

interest bearing account.

Response: Funds from this account have been transferred to a new account

which is an interest bearing account.

O5-15 Statement of The County has not received an accounting of receipts or

Condition: disbursements from Evercom phone commissions since July 1,

2005. We noted during our audit that a transport van and two cars were purchased by requesting Evercom to pay the invoice

from a bonus payment.

<u>Criteria:</u> State law requires that operating expenditures not exceed legally

adopted budgets. The expenditures made for the operations of the Sheriff's Office and Detention Center from sources such as phone

commissions are subject to this law.

Effect of Condition: The County is unable to ensure that the Sheriff's Office is

complying with the budget.

Cause of Condition: The Sheriff's Office expended money that had not been included

in the County budget process.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Sheriff's Office prepare a monthly report

of receipts and disbursements and submit this to the County Finance Department. In addition, if expenditures at the Sheriff's Office exceed budgeted amounts, an amendment to the budget

should be submitted to the County as well.

Response: Evercom commissions are generated by the use of inmate phones;

this commission is deposited into the Jail Fund Account and is utilized for purchasing items for inmates (i.e. laundry soap, games, clothes, etc.) A report has been sent to the county

detailing money collected and paid out.

COMPONENT UNITS

WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY

O5-16 Statement of Condition: The Authority codes expenses related to construction projects to regular expense accounts with the Authority's operating

expenses.

Criteria: Goods and services related to construction projects should be

coded to separate construction in progress accounts.

Effect of Condition: The Authority's expenses were overstated and its investments in

construction in progress were understated. In addition, it takes more work during the audit to analyze these expenses and

reclassify them to the correct accounts.

Cause of Condition: This is caused by a lack of understanding of governmental

accounting.

Recommendation: We recommend coding all costs incurred in construction of the

Authority's projects to a construction in progress account. To facilitate tracking the amount expended to date for each project, the Authority should create an account for each project in

construction.

Response: We are now creating accounts for each project in construction.

05-17 Statement of The Authority did not allocate costs of labor and materials to

Condition: install meters and water taps to a separate account.

<u>Criteria:</u> Total cost incurred in installing meters and water taps should be

capitalized as part of the capital assets of the Authority.

Effect of Condition: The Authority's expenses for the year were overstated and its

investments in new meters and water taps were understated. The understated cost in new water taps causes an overstatement for tap

fees shown as operating income.

Cause of Condition: This is caused by a lack of understanding of governmental

accounting.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Authority allocate the cost of labor and

materials related to the installation of water meters and taps to a separate account so that it can capture the total cost of these infrastructure additions. Those costs can be added to the capital asset depreciation schedule in total at the end of each year.

Response: We have created a separate expense line item entitled "Capital

Contributions – Tap Fees" for this purpose.

05-18 Statement of The Authority recorded payments into sinking fund account to an

Condition: expense account.

<u>Criteria:</u> To report principal and interest payments correctly, a recurring

entry for accrued interest should be credited to an accrued interest payable account. Then, cash payments for interest should be debited to the same account. Principal payments should be debited directly to the balance sheet note payable account.

Effect of Condition: The Authority's expenses and liabilities were overstated.

Cause of Condition: This is caused by a lack of understanding of governmental

accounting.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Authority create a recurring entry in the

accounting system to automatically record accrued interest each month as a credit to the accrued interest payable account and a debit to the interest expense account. In addition, the Authority should post payments for principal and interest as debits to the

respective liability accounts.

Response: We corrected this error in January 2006. In the future, we will

debit all sinking fund payments to the note payable account.

05-19 Statement of As of December 31, 2005, the Authority's interfund balance for

Condition: the amount due to the County did not agree with the County's

interfund balance for the amount due from the Authority.

<u>Criteria:</u> To ensure that the County's and the Authority's statements

correctly reflect transactions between the two entities, the

interfund balances should be balanced monthly.

Effect of Condition: The Authority's expenses were overstated because an entry was

posted twice.

Cause of Condition: Cause unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Authority reconcile its interfund balance

with the County's records monthly.

Response: We converted our data to the County system during the year

ended December 31, 2005. We had some accounting issues after the software conversion. We have since corrected these issues,

and are now monitoring this account monthly.

05-20 Statement of As of December 31, 2005, the Authority's accounts receivable

Condition: subsidiary ledger did not agree with the general ledger accounts

receivable balance.

<u>Criteria:</u> The accounts receivable subsidiary ledger should be reconciled

with the general ledger monthly.

Effect of Condition: The Authority's accounts receivable and revenue were misstated.

Cause of Condition: Cause unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Authority reconcile its accounts

receivable subsidiary ledger with the general ledger accounts

receivable balance monthly.

Response: We converted our data to the County system during the year

ended December 31, 2005. We had some accounting issues after the software conversion. We have since corrected these issues,

and are now reconciling these balances monthly.

05-21 Statement of As of December 31, 2005, the Authority's customer deposits

Condition: subsidiary ledger did not agree with the general ledger customers'

deposits balance.

Criteria: The customers' deposit subsidiary ledger should be reconciled

with the general ledger monthly.

Effect of Condition: The Authority's liability for customers' deposits was misstated.

Cause of Condition: Cause unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Authority reconcile its customers'

deposits subsidiary ledger with the general ledger monthly.

Response: The discrepancies are now corrected.

05-22 Statement of The Authority is not turning water utilities off in a timely manner

Condition: for customers with delinquent accounts.

<u>Criteria:</u> To mitigate possible loss resulting from bad debts, the Authority

should stop servicing customers with a delinquent account.

Effect of Condition: The Authority's risk of loss on delinquent accounts increases each

month service is continued.

Cause of Condition: Cause unknown.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Authority institute a delinquent account

policy if it does not already have one and review delinquent accounts monthly to determine any customers have not complied with the payment requirements set forth in the Authority's policy. If customers do not comply with the policy, we recommend the

Authority promptly discontinue service.

Response: We implemented a 60-day disconnection policy in February 2005.

The implementation of this policy required time due to staffing and workload complications. We have payment plans for those

customers under hardship.

III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no findings or questioned cost relating to Federal awards reported for the year ended December 31, 2005.